REGISTERED No. 1—1876.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 8,639.—New Series. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1876.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* will for the future be as follows:—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
Half-yearly	25	Half yearly	31
Quarterly	13	Quarterly	16
Monthly	5	Monthly	

To Subscribers Up-country.

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 65
Half-yearly	29	Half-yearly	36
Quarterly	16	Quarterly	20
Monthly	6	Monthly	7

These Up-country Rates include Postage Rates.

Single Copy ..... As. 4.

Price for back numbers varies according to time between As. 8 and Rs. 2.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten Lines and under—

First Insertion	Rs. 5 0
Second do.	2 8
Third do.	2 8
Fourth and succeeding Insertions	0 2½ As.

a line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion	8 As. per Line.
Second do.	4½ " "
Third and succeeding	2½ " "

In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted or Servants Required, Houses or Lodgings to Let, Changes of Residence, Articles Lost or Found.

The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes will be as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines	Rs. 1-0
Each succeeding line	" 0-3 As.

Advertisement exceeding five lines will be charged for at our present ordinary rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee*, and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

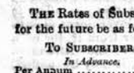
All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied in Nonpareil, or smallest type, 12 lines of which go to the inch.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES: EACH—TWO RUPEES.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE MALABAR COAST, CEYLON, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.



THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under contract with Government, will despatch the s.s. "MADURA" 1942 Tons, 300 H.P., Commander J. R. Gavin, on SATURDAY, the 21st October 1876, at 4 P.M., calling at Rutnagherry, Vingoria, Goa, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore Tellicherry, Calicut, Beypore, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Madras, Cocconada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Callingapatam, Gopalpore, False Point, and at any other place where inducement offers.

Cargo for Singapore and China can be booked fortnightly by the steamers on this line hence or from intermediate ports for transhipment at Galle to the Steamers of the Compagnie des Messageries Maritimes de la France which run regularly.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE PERSIAN GULF, via KURRACHEE.

Interchanging Cargo and Passengers at Bussorah, to and from Bagdad, with the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company or other Steamers.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Mail Contract with Government, will despatch the s.s. UMBALLA, 840 Tons, 130 H.P., Commander R. L. Turner, on FRIDAY, the 20th October 1876, at 4 P.M., to the PERSIAN GULF, touching at KURRACHEE, MUSCAT, BUNDER ABBAS, LINGA, BUSHIRE, FAO, BUSHEHR, and occasionally at BAHREIN and MAHOMERAH.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

BI-WEEKLY STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH KURRACHEE.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited), under Mail Contract with Government, will, during the Fair Season, despatch a Steamer to Kurrachee every FRIDAY, at 4 P.M., and an Extra Steamer on every MONDAY, at 2 P.M.

The s.s. AKOLA, 577 Tons, 130 H.P., Commander T. M. Williams, will be despatched on MONDAY, the 16th October 1876, at 2 P.M., calling at Veraval, Pore Bunder, and Cutch Mandvie.

The s.s. UMBALLA, 840 Tons, 130 H.P., Commander R. L. Turner, will be despatched on FRIDAY, the 20th October 1876, at 4 P.M.

N.B.—No Cargo will be received on the day of sailing.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY via SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE GENOA and BOMBAY on the 24th, *of each month*, on the 1st

PASSENGERS' RATES.

(Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.)

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
Aden	£22	£15	£4	Including Wines / Without food.
Suez	36	22	8	
Port Said	33	24	14	
Messina	50	34	14	
Naples	50	34	14	
Leghorn	50	34	14	
Genoa	50	34	14	
Marseilles	52	35	14-10	

Children under 3 years—free of charge. Children not above 10 years—half fare.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY:—

BATAVIA to sail on WEDNESDAY, 1st November 1876.
AUSTRALIA to sail on FRIDAY, 1st December 1876.
SUMATRA to sail on MONDAY, 1st January 1877.
BATAVIA to sail on THURSDAY, 1st February 1877.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The exact hour of departure will be fixed and published a day or two previous to sailing.

For hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

C. GRONDONA,
Agent Rubattino Steam Navigation Company,
No. 9, Hummum Street.

Bombay, July 1876.

NOTICE.—CONSIGNEES of the Steamer VIRGINIA SCHILIZZI, Captain Anderson, arrived from London, are requested to SEND their BILLS of LADING and DELIVERY ORDERS for our inspection and countersignature and to TAKE DELIVERY of their GOODS on the Bunder.

No Claims for Damage or Short Delivery will be admitted under any circumstances unless passed by the Captain before departure of the vessel.

VOLKART BROTHERS,
Agents s.s. Virginia Schilizzi.

Bombay, 13th October 1876.

FOR SALE.

INDIA TO ENGLAND BY THE LEVANT AND THE DANUBE.

Re-printed from the *Bombay Gazette*.

Price—One Rupee.

May be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office and from Messrs Thacker, Vining & Co.

For Sale at this Office.

THE PRIVATE SOLDIER IN INDIA.

Price—One Rupee.

For Sale at this Office.

THE NEW INDIAN CUSTOMS' ACT AND TARIFF,

In neat Pamphlet form, 8vo. Demy, 25 pp.

Price—Four Annas.

For Sale at this Office.

THE TRIAL AND DEPOSITION OF

MULHAR RAO GAEKWAR OF BARODA.

Price—Rs. 3 per Copy.

CONTENTS:

INTRODUCTION.
REPORT OF THE BARODA COMMISSION OF 1873.
PROCEEDINGS BEFORE THE COMMISSION OF 1875.
RESOLUTION OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
REPORT OF THE EUROPEAN COMMISSIONERS.
OPINIONS OF THE NATIVE MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION
PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA DEPOSING THE GAEKWAR.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THE following or other first-class Vessels will be despatched for EUROPE:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Oct. 1876.
AVOCA	1482	260	..E. G. Stead	16th—Suez, &c.
HYDASPES	2084	450	..W. R. Andrews	23rd—Southampton.
THIBET	2503	400	..N. Stewart	30th—Suez, &c.
			Nov. 1876.	
MALWA	2933	450	..P. S. Tomlin	6th—Southampton.
SURAT	3141	530	..G. G. Burne	13th—Suez &c.
NEPAUL	3836	600	..R. Methven	20th—Southampton.
SUMATRA	2489	450	..C. Anderson	27th—Suez, &c.

Passengers are booked to Malta, Gibraltar, and Southampton by every Mail. The Southampton Steamers proceed to that port direct; but by the alternate Steamers Passengers change vessels at Suez.

Passengers to Brindisi, Ancona, and Venice are carried by every Steamer, but proceed by rail from Suez to Alexandria.

Heavy Baggage must be sent to Mazagon on the day of the Steamer's departure, before 10 A.M., in order that it may be weighed and labelled previous to shipment.

A small Steamer will leave the New Dock Head at Mazagon, at 3 P.M. precisely, on the day of sailing.

GEORGE F. HENRY, Superintendent.

Bombay, 11th Oct. 1876.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

n TUESDAY, the 17th Oct. 1876, at 3 P.M., from Mazagon.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s.s. TRAVANCORE, (1900 Tons and 350 H.P.), Capt. W. Barratt will be despatched as above, carrying H. M.'s Mails and taking also Passengers and argo for Madras and Calcutta.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing, and no brokerage will be allowed on any chest of opium, the officer's receipt for which is not lodged in the Company's Office before noon, on SATURDAY, the 14th October 1876.

GEORGE F. HENRY,
Superintendent.

Bombay, 11th Oct. 1876.

ANCHOR LINE—INDIAN SERVICE.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL, via SUEZ CANAL.

THE following or other First Class Steamers of the ANCHOR LINE will sail from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL to PORT SAID, SUEZ, and BOMBAY, and from BOMBAY to SUEZ, PORT SAID, GIBRALTAR, and LIVERPOOL:—

	From Liverpool.	From Bombay.
S.S. INDIA	11th September.	21st October.
" MACEDONIA	8th October.	18th November.
" TRINACRIA	28th October.	13th December.
" EUROPA	18th November.	3rd January.

And regularly thereafter, further sailings being arranged according to the requirements of the trade.

All the Steamers of this Line carry a SURGEON and a STEWARDESS, and have superior First-class accommodation, fitted with every convenience.

Passengers and Cargo booked through to New York in connection with the Anchor Line Trans-Atlantic Service.

FARES FROM BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

FIRST CLASS ..... Rs. 500

A reduction of 15 per cent. will be given on Return Passages to all who re-embark by Anchor Line Steamers within twelve months of time of landing.

For Passage, Freight, &c., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

N.B.—If sufficient inducement offers the Steamers of this Line will make Naples a regular port of call.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL,
(VIA SUEZ CANAL.)

The following fine powerful Steamers will sail from Bombay as under:—

	From Bombay.
S. S. TRENTHAM HALL	28th October.
" BRANKSOME HALL	29th November.
" CHILDWALL HALL	27th December.
" CITY OF BALTIMORE	10th January.

THESE Steamers have been especially built for the Bombay Trade, and have already become known for their speed. The Saloon and Cabins are handsomely got up, and a Surgeon and Stewardess are carried by all the Steamers of the Line.

FARES FROM BOMBAY.

First Class.

TO LIVERPOOL ..... Rs. 500

For Rates of Passage Money and for any further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 30th September 1876.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THACKER, VINING & CO.

LETTS'S DIARIES,

Strongly bound, good paper, with an Appendix specially prepared for India.

CLOTH BOUND DIARIES,

Foolscap Size—12½ by 8.

Nos.		Rs. as.
51.	One day to a page, for memo	0 12
52.	Two days, for memo	3 4
53.	Three days, for memo	5 8
	Letter-paper Size—9½ by 7¾.	
1.	One day to a page, for memo	7 0
2.	And 2 H. Two days, for memo	5 4
30.	Three days, Dr. and Cr.	5 8
4.	Four days, Cash-ruled	3 12
	Note-paper Size—7½ by 4¾.	
8.	One day to a page, for cash or memo	4 8
8.	Ditto with lock and key	7 12
8.	Russia leather case with lock for ditto	8 4
9.	Two days to a page, for cash or memo	4 0
9.	Ditto with lock and keys	7 0
10.	Three days to a page, for memo	3 4
11.	Three days to a page, for memo	2 12
11b.	Three days, Dr. and Cr.	4 4
	Small Note-paper Size—6 by 3¾.	
12*sml*.	Two days to a page	2 12
12.	Three days to a page, for memo	2 4
12.	Ditto in morocco case with tuck	8 4
13.	Three days, for memo	1 12
13.	Ditto in morocco boards Rs. 3-4, in morocco tuck	2 12
	Long Narrow Shape—7½ by 3¼.	
15.	Three days to a page, for memo	2 8
15.	Ditto, in morocco tuck	3 12

CHEAP OFFICE DIARIES.

Foolscap Size—12½ by 8¼.

41.	One day to a page	4 4
31.	Three days, Rs. 1-2; interleaved blotting	1 12
32.	Six days, interleaved blotting	1 6
38.	Three days, narrow shape, interleaved blotting	1 6
	Letter-paper Size—9¾ by 8.	
33.	Three days, Rs. 1-2; interleaved blotting	1 12
	Note-paper Size—8 by 5.	
35.	Three days, Annas 12; interleaved blotting	1 4
26.	Three days, *Cloth bound*	0 12
	The Medical Diary, long Note-size, cloth	1 12
29.	Three days, cloth, long Note-size	0 12

POCKET DIARIES.

18.	Three days, cloth, Rs. 1-4; morocco tuck	1 12
17.	Six days, paper-cover, Annas 8; morocco tuck	1 6
23.	Six days, paper cover	0 8
20.	Three days, morocco tuck	1 6
	The Card Case Almanack, cloth, Annas 8; Russia leather	1 4

THACKER, VINING & CO.,
BOMBAY.

J. NEUBERG,
5, MEADOW STREET.

FRESH IMPORTATION OF WINES.

CLARET! CLARET!! OUT OF BOND.

MEDOC VIEUX,
A GOOD, SOUND, WHOLESOME WINE.

Per Doz. Quarts	Rs. 11 0
" Pints	6 8

PAUILLAC,
SUPERIOR, FULLER BODY AND BOUQUET.

Per Doz. Quarts	Rs. 13 0
" Pints	7 8

MARGAUX,
DINNER CLARET, OF GOOD BODY AND FLAVOUR.

Per Doz. Quarts	Rs. 18 0
" Pints	10 0

ST. JULIEN,
A RICH, FULL-BODIED AFTER-DINNER WINE, OF EXQUISITE AROMA.

Per Doz. Quarts	Rs. 20 0
" Pints	12 0

A trial of the above CHOICE WINES is respectfully invited, and comparison made with similarly quoted Brands of other Houses.

RHINE WINES.

BODENHEIMER	per doz.	Quarts	Rs.	16 0
Do.	"	Pints	"	9 0
GEISENHEIMER	"	Quarts	"	18 0
Do.	"	Pints	"	10 0
NIERSTEINER	"	Quarts	"	20 0
Do.	"	Pints	"	11 0
RUDESHEIMER	"	Quarts	"	22 0
Do.	"	Pints	"	12 0
LIEBFRAUMILCH	"	Quarts	"	28 0
Do.	"	Pints	"	15 0
HOCHHEIMER	"	Pints	"	17 0

5 per cent discount on taking 5 Dozen Quarts.

J. NEUBERG,
MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FORT THEATRE.

STAR COMPANY.

PERFORMANCES EVERY EVENING.
TO-DAY, MONDAY, 16TH OCTOBER.

The performance will commence with the Comedietta,
HORRIBLE REVELATIONS!
And conclude with the highly successful Extravaganza,
CAMARALZAMAN!
THE BAD DJINN AND THE GOOD SPIRIT.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.
First Class, Rs. 2. Second Class, Re. 1.
Seats can be secured at Messrs. SOUNDY and Co.'s.
Doors open at 8-30. Commence at 9.
PUNKAHS IN FULL SWING.

NOTICE.—CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Steamer EUROPEAN are hereby informed that as she proceeds to Calcutta on the 16th instant, ALL CLAIMS must be passed by the Captain and sent to our Office FOR PAYMENT before Noon, on that date.

RITCHIE, STEUART & Co.,
Agents Steamer European.

Bombay, 14th October 1876.

NOTICE.—It is requested that ALL CLAIMS against the ESTATE of the late LIEUTENANT A. H. OAKELEY, 33rd Regiment, be SENT to the President, of the Committee of Adjustment, on or before the 25th instant.

C. J. THORBURN,
Captain 33rd Regiment,
President Committee of Adjustment.

Camp Deesa, 11th October 1876.

TO BE LET, a Furnished RESIDENCE in the Fort. Rent Rs. 70. Apply to

E. W. FLOWER,
House Agent.

4, Hummum Street.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh supply of best real MOCHA COFFEE. SILICATE CARBON FILTERS of assorted patterns and sizes.

POCKET FILTERS.

Sets of double, single and 4-in-hand harnesses.

Handsome Dutch work Silver Tea Sets, Muffineers, Salvers, &c.

All information given regarding buying and selling.

JAFFER SULLIMAN & Co.

5, Hummum Street.

NEW BERAR COMPANY, LIMITED.—NOTICE is hereby given, that at the ADJOURNED THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING to be held on MONDAY, 23rd October at 2 P.M., Mr. Jehangeer Hormusjee will propose that the following Special Resolution be passed, viz:—

That the words "and thenceforward One Director shall retire" be expunged from Article 52 of the Articles of Association of the Company and in lieu thereof the following words be substituted, viz., "and thenceforward Two Directors shall retire."

GADDUM & Co., Chairman.

16th October 1876.

FORT PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

ફોરટ પ્રેસ કંપની લીમીટેડ.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company will be held on the Company's premises at Fort, No. 4, Armenian Lane, on TUESDAY, the 24th October 1876 at 3 o'clock P.M., for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

1st. To consider the declaration of an interim Dividend.

2nd. To consider several important matters connected with the future working of the Presses and to authorize the Directors to carry out such plans as may be decided upon.

3. To consider any other business which may be brought before the meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 16th instant, until TUESDAY, the 24th, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
KNOOP & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 14th October 1876.

THE NEW EXCHANGE CALCULATOR, at rates progressing by 1-32nd a penny from 1s. 5d to 2s. 1d per Rupee. Price Rs. 10, by Post Rs. 10-12.

COOPER & Co., Meadow Street, Bombay.

LETTS'S DIARY FOR 1877, all Shapes and Sizes.

COOPER & Co., Meadow Street, Bombay.

XMAS AND NEW YEAR CARDS.—Latest designs, from Annas 2 and upwards.

COOPER & Co., Meadow Street, Bombay.

HOUSEHOLD COMPANION, combining in one (I) Adjustable Wrench; (II) Hammer; (III) Nail Claw; (IV) Gas Burner Tongs; (V) Scraper; (VI) Screw Driver; (VII) Nut Crack; (VIII) Cork Presser; (IX) Six-inch Rule; (X) Straight Edge; (XI) Box Opener; (XII) Carpet Stretcher; each Rs. 4.

COOPER & Co., Meadow Street, Bombay.

RANSOMS' POCKET INKSTANDS, each Rs. 4-8 and Rs. 9.

COOPER & Co., Meadow Street, Bombay.

DOUBLE SPRING POCKET INKSTANDS, each Rs. 2-8 and Rs. 3.

COOPER & Co., Meadow Street, Bombay.

GLADSTONE TIME PIECES, each Rs. 8.

COOPER & Co., Meadow Street, Bombay.

COPYING INK PENCILS, each Annas 8.

COOPER & Co., Meadow Street, Bombay.

DRY PROCESS COPYING INK, per bottle Rs. 2 and Rs. 3.

COOPER & Co., Meadow Street, Bombay.

PERPETUAL PENHOLDERS, in aluminium, each Rs. 1-4.

Do. Do. common, each Annas 8.

COOPER & Co., Meadow Street, Bombay.

DUCHESS TOILET STAND, each Rs. 2.

COOPER & Co., Meadow Street, Bombay.

UNIVERSAL STAIN REMOVER, each Rs. 3-8.

COOPER & Co., Meadow Street, Bombay.

TABLES for computing Wages, Rents, Mercantile and Banking Accounts, in Rupees, Dollars, Pounds, &c., by J. B. Henriques. Price Rs. 3, by Post Rs. 3-8.

COOPER & Co., Meadow Street, Bombay.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY:
Established 1863.

Capital—One Million Six Hundred Thousand Pounds.

POLICIES of INSURANCE against FIRE upon Houses, Mills and other Buildings, Household Furniture, Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, in Bombay and at up-country, issued, on behalf of the above Company, at most favourable rates, by the Undersigned, from whom full particulars may be obtained.

BENN, ASHLEY & Co,
Agents.

THE MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
ESTABLISHED 1824.
CAPITAL—ONE MILLION STERLING.

The Undersigned have been appointed AGENTS of the Manchester Fire Assurance Company, and are prepared to issue Policies upon Houses, Mills, and other Buildings, Household Furniture, Merchandise, Shipping, &c.

GADDUM & Co., Agents in Bombay.

CAPTAIN BURTON'S
TONIC BITTERS.

USED with invariable benefit and STRONGLY RECOMMENDED by that Eminent Traveller.

Per Bottle—Rs. 2.

D. S. KEMP & Co.,
SASSOON HOUSE, BOMBAY.

CHARIVARI PRIZE CHRISTMAS ANNUAL AND ALMANAC FOR 1877.

ON CHRISTMAS EVE of the current year will be published at the *Charivari* Office, 10, Dacre's-lane, Calcutta, the "Charivari Prize Annual and Almanac for 1877." The price will be Rs. 2-8, or with postage, Rs. 2-12.

The Annual will be well and copiously illustrated by the best European Artists in India. The Calendar especially being embellished with original artistic borders, exhibiting designs of great beauty, and the whole will be bound in a richly ornamented cover having an appropriate and elaborate title page.

The Contents, comprising TALES, POETRY, CONUNDRUMS, &c., &c., after the fashion of the ventures of this class periodically appearing in England at the Christmas season, will consist of a Tale by the Editor. A politico-social satire "Oh who has not heard of the Tale of Bengal," and the rest it is proposed to obtain by offering the following prizes:—

FIRST, for the best original tale, suitable to the season and to the country, length say about six to eight pages of *Charivari*.

Rs. 250 is offered as a prize.

SECONDLY, for the best original poem, said poem to be of a humorous or serio-comic nature, not to exceed in length one hundred and fifty lines, or to be of less than one hundred lines.

Rs. 150 is offered.

THIRDLY, for the best original conundrum, a prize of

Rs. 100 will be given.

Such of the best of the rejected tales and poems as it may seem advisable to the proprietors will also be taken, and for these the writers will receive payment at the ordinary scale for which contributions to the *Charivari* are paid. A selection of the conundrums will also be made to follow the prize one. No payment will however be offered for these.

Competitors should send their names and addresses in a sealed envelope with their contributions, bearing outside the *nom de plume* or motto with which their effort is signed. Each competitor must also forward a subscription, which will entitle him or her to a copy of the Annual.

To attract time for selection no tales, poems, or conundrums can be received for the purposes of this competition later than the 12th of December.

It is confidently expected that these inducements will produce a large number of short tales, poems, and sketches suitable to a Christmas book, and the public are invited to support it by subscribing for the work, which no effort will be spared to make one of interest and value. As from its low price it is only by securing a very large sale that the Annual can be made to pay, the projectors appeal to the Indian Public to adopt it, and by receiving it into their favor, enable them to produce it regularly from year to year as Christmas Eve comes round.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld., WINE MERCHANTS.

BY APPOINTMENT.

ESTABLISHED IN THIS PRESIDENCY FOR HALF A CENTURY.

AGENCIES IN THE CONTINENTAL WINE DISTRICTS AT

XEREZ.	AVIZE.	BORDEAUX.
ALTO DOURO.	EPERNAY.	COGNAC.
MADEIRA	RHEIMS.	COBLENTZ.

LONDON OFFICES:
38A, KING WILLIAM STREET.
HEAD OFFICE AND GODOWNS:—BYCULLA, BOMBAY.

CONSTITUENTS and intending Purchasers are respectfully solicited to test the quality of our Brands when comparing our quotations with those of competing Houses, and also to note that the quotations include LOSS BY EXCHANGE, IMPORT AND TOWN DUTIES, AND ALL OTHER CHARGES, BEING FREE DELIVERY FROM OUR GODOWNS.

CASH PRICES.

SHERRIES.

	Per Dozen Quarts.	Pints.
AMONTILLADO, superior, very old and choice ..... Rs.	49 0	...
OLOROSO, pale soft, fine flavour	49 0	...
MANZANILLA, very dry and pale, unsurpassed for delicacy and purity	31 0	...
GOLDEN, a rich nutty-flavoured Dessert Wine	31 0	...
OLD DRY, very superior, soft and dry ...	31 0	...

	Per Dozen. Quarts.	Pints.
VINO DE PASTO, a good generous Dinner WINE ..... Rs.	28 0	...
PALE DINNER, an excellent light Wine for general use	24 0	...
YELLOW SEAL, pale and light	18 0	...
MARSALA	18 0	...
MADEIRA, E. India, selected, old and very fine	35 0	...

PORTS.

SUPERIOR OLD, tawny, with fine Bouquet and character ..... Rs.	35 0	19 0	FINE OLD, possessing good body and flavour ..... Rs.	30 0	16 0
			WHITESEAL, rich and fruity	20 0	...

CHAMPAGNES.

F. GIESLER & Co.'s "for India" brand. Rs	50 0	27 8	FINE SPARKLING ..... Rs.	34 0	...
PERRIER JOUET & Co.'s do. ...	49 0	26 8	SUPERIOR SPARKLING SAUMUR ...	30 0	16 8
DRY SILLERY	41 0	22 8	SPARKLING SAUMUR	27 0	...

STILL HOCKS.

JOHANNISBERG .. Rs.	44 0	...	HOCHHEIM ..... Rs.	26 0	14 0
LIEBFRAUMILCH	38 0	19 8	GRUNWEIN (Glass Juge)	25 0	...
NIERSTEIN	28 0	15 0	LAUBENHEIM	19 0	11 0

SPARKLING HOCKS.

FINEST SPARKLING EHRENBRETSTEIN ..... Rs.	44 0	24 0	SUPERIOR SPARKLING ..... Rs.	36 0	20 0

STILL MOSELLES.

SCHARZBERG ..... Rs.	35 0	18 8	MUSCATEL MOSELLE ..... Rs.	...	14 0
SUPERIOR MOSELLE	30 0	16 8	WINNINGEN	21 0	...

SPARKLING MOSELLES.

FINEST SPARKLING NONPAREIL. Rs	43 0	23 8	FINE SPARKLING ..... Rs.	34 0	...
SUPERIOR SPARKLING	36 0	20 8			

CLARETS.

BORDEAUX { Excellent Cup or	Rs.	10 0	...	CHATEAU LAGRANGE ..... Rs.	22 0	12 8
PETIT MEDOCK { Breakfast Wines }		13 8	7 12	CHATEAU LAROSE { Superior after	27 0	15 0
MEDOCK, Superior		16 8	9 12	CHATEAU MARGAUX { Dinner Wines	33 0	17 0

SAUTERNES.

HAUT SAUTERNES, very rich and fine. Rs.	32 0	...	BARSAC, light Table Wine ..... Rs.	20 0	...
SAUTERNES, delicate flavour	24 0	...			

STILL BURGUNDIES.

CHAMBERTIN ..... Rs.	31 0	17 0	BEAUNE ..... Rs.	19 0	10 8
POMMARD	26 0	14 0	CHABLIS	17 0	...
MACON	24 0	13 0			

SPARKLING BURGUNDIES.

SPARKLING BURGUNDY, Red, a rich fruity Wine ..... Rs.	40 0	22 0	SPARKLING BURGUNDY, White, a rich fruity Wine ..... Rs.	40 0	22 0

SPIRITS.

COGNAC, Fine Old Pale, Treacher's celebrated Heart labelled, a choice matured Spirit ..... Rs.	32 0	...	WHISKEY, Irish, Kinahan's celebrated L. L.	23 8	...
COGNAC, Old Pale	28 0	...	WHISKEY, Scotch; Crabbie's ..... Rs.	21 0	...
COGNAC, Pale, a good Peg Brandy	24 0	...	Do. Fine Old Glenlivat (Treacher's special blend	23 8	...
GIN, London Old Tom	18 8	...	HENNESSY'S BRANDY*	38 8	...
HOLLANDS GENEVA, per case of 15 large flasks (De Kuyper's)	28 0	...	Do. do. **	32 8	...
RUM, Finest Old Jamaica	23 8	...	Do. do. ***	34 8	...
			MOUNIE'S Vine Leaf do.	27 0	...
			MARTELL'S do.	27 0	...
			EXSHAW'S No. 1 do.	39 8	...

LIQUEURS AND BITTERS.

CURACAO, Amsterdam, Orange or White per bottle.	4 0	2 4	VERMOUTH ..... per bottle.	1 8	...
MARASCHINO DIZARA, (the finest) "	3 12	2 0	MILK PUNCH ..... "	...	1 12
CHERRY BRANDY, best Copenhagen "	2 12	1 8	FREEMASON'S LIQUEUR ... "	...	1 12
CHARTREUSE from the { Green ... "	5 12	3 12	GINGER WINE ..... per dozen.	17 0	...
Monastery ..... { Yellow ... "	5 12	3 0	ORANGE WINE ..... "	...	...
GOLD WATER, Dantzig Brandy ... "	3 12	...	ORANGE BITTERS ..... "	18 0	10 0
CREME DE NOYEAU, best ..... "	3 8	2 0	ANGOSTURA BITTERS ..... "	44 0	27 0
CREME DE CITRONELLE ..... "	3 4	...	POMALO & ORANGE BITTERS CONCENTRATED, T. & Co.'s ..... 4 Pints.	...	12 0
CREME DE ROSE ..... "	3 4	1 12	BRANDY BITTERS		
CREME DE VANILLE ..... "	3 4	1 12	WINE BITTERS		
ANISETTE ..... "	3 4	...			

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

FRITH'S INDIAN PHOTOGRAPHS.

SEASON 1875-76.

MESSRS. THACKER, VINING & Co. desire to draw especial attention to the above Series of Photographs, which has now been completed by the addition of some 200 Views taken by an Artist, who passed the Season of 1874-75 in India for that special purpose.

The additions made include Views of the New Buildings in Bombay, a Series of Matheran Scenery, Views at Bassein, Poona, Nassick, and at all places of interest in this Presidency, as well as a large number of Views in Calcutta, Madras, &c., &c.

The entire Series now consists of over 500 Photographs, size 8 inches by 6¼, the subjects being most artistically chosen and photographed, and exquisitely printed; they are certainly equal, if not superior, to any that have yet been produced, whilst they are sold at the remarkably cheap rate of Rs. 15 per Dozen.

Sample Albums are always on view.

THACKER, VINING & COMPANY.

THE GENUINE GRAND SQUARE

"SYMPATHETIC" PIANOFORTE.

Sole Agents in Bombay, S. Rose & Co.

These Noted Pianos are guaranteed to stand the climate in any part of India. They are unrivalled for Tone, Touch Finish and Durability.

New and Second-hand Pianofortes.

Grand Square Pianofortes by Broadwood and Sons, or by Collard and Collard ..... from Rs. 250 to Rs. 550
Semi-Grand Pianofortes by Broadwood and Sons, Collard and Collard, or by Stodart ..... 300 to " 450
Full Grand Pianofortes, by Collard and Collard, Broadwood and Sons, or by Stodart ..... " 450 to Rs. 1,200

Pianofortes sold on the New System of Hire. Terms on application.

Repairs of every description of Musical Instruments by experienced European Assistants to S. ROSE & Co.

The New Alexandre Organ.

Solid Walnut Resonant Case, Type C, Compass 5 Octaves, F to F, size 3 feet 6 inches wide; 1 foot 5 inches deep; 3 feet 2 inches high 3 stops ..... Net Cash ... Rs. 400
Solid Walnut Resonant Case Compass 5 Octaves, F to F; 9 Stops—Flute; Lieblich Gedact; Dulciana; Vox Humana; Gamba; Diapason; Principal; Sub Bass; Automatic Swell. The tone is soft and full. Knee Swell. The wind easily sustained ..... Net Cash ... Rs. 800

Alexandre's Harmoniums.

Solid Oak Case, 5 Octaves

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

SATURDAY EVENING, 14TH OCT. 1876.

THE less peaceful aspect which, according to the latest telegrams the Turkish Question has again assumed, has evidently exercised an unfavourable influence on commercial affairs at home, and to all present appearances there is a probability of a recurrence to the former state of general depression. The funds, as usual, were the first to give way, Consols having declined from 96⅛ to 95⅞ and French Rentes from 106½ to 106⅛; but the Liverpool Cotton Market has also shown itself sensitive to a degree, the activity in the early part of the week having given place to a much quieter feeling. Friday's market was quiet, sales 12,000 bales, and to-day's report is steady, sales 8,000 bales. Reuter's spot quotations are still the same as on Thursday, with the exception of G. F. Westerns, which have lost the 1-16d. advance, but private telegrams report Surats to arrive 1-16d. worse all round.

The visible supply of Cotton for all Europe on the 13th instant, compares with the previous two years as follows:—

	1876.	1875.	1874.
Total supply of all kinds..	1,770,000	1,715,980	1,765,800
,, ,, Surats ...	520,000	737,940	733,680

For the U. K. only the figures are:—

Stock in Liverpool	658,000	611,430	645,350
Do. London.....	33,000	62,080	111,160
American Afloat.....	50,000	48,000	58,000
E. Indian ,, ...	110,000	191,000	185,000
	851,000	912,510	999,510
Price of Mid. Orleans.....	6 3-16d.	7¾d.	8¾d.
,, Fair Dhollera ...	4 7-16d.	4¾d.	5¼d.
Difference	1¾d.	2¾d.	3¾d.

The American Crop movements give the following comparisons with the two previous seasons:—

	1876.	1875.	1874.
Week's Receipts	137,000	138,000	121,000
,, Exports to U. K.....	18,000	30,000	43,000
,, ,, Continent...	6,000	30,000	3,300
Total Receipts since 1st Sept.	481,000	421,800	373,800
,, ,, Exports to U. K. ,, ...	80,000	69,300	90,300
,, ,, Continent ,, ...	24,000	59,900	8,700
,, Stocks at the Ports.....	377,000	262,000	268,000

The Manchester Piece Goods Market on Friday was reported firm, prices being unchanged with the exception of an advance of ¼d. per lb. in 40s Mule Twist.

In the London General Produce Market we note a decline of 1s. per cwt. in Ceylon coffee; Cocoanut Oil is unaltered; Bombay Linseed is quoted 3d. per quarter higher; Feroxepore Rapeseed is un-changed. Calcutta Linseed has advanced 1s. per quarter on the week.

Reuter reports on Friday that at the London tanned skin sales 1,319,000 were sold. Sheep skins showed an advance of 2d. to 3d. and goat skins of 2d. to 4d. per lb. Inferior qualities were steady. The market for skins has been a declining one for months previously and shippers from this side have suffered heavy losses, but this recovery will doubtless impart fresh activity to the trade.

Enfaced Rupee Paper in London is quoted the same as on Thursday except Fives-and-a half which are ¼ higher. Oriental Bank shares are quoted 10s. lower. Chartered Mercantile 10s. per share higher on the week. Hongkong and Shanghai and Chartered are unchanged.

Bar Silver is now quoted at 52¼d. per oz. or equivalent to slightly over 1s. 8¼d. per rupee. Considerable purchasers at the price are reported to have been made for this market, so that with the return of Silver from China supplies promise to be heavy, and it remains to be seen whether in the face of them the value of the rupee can be maintained.

At the weekly biddings for Council drafts on Wednesday £350,000 will be offered as usual.

In STERLING EXCHANGE here to-day there has been very little doing. The market exhibits no new feature and rates are unchanged in every respect. We quote:—

Bank Bills on demand	.....1s. 8d.	per Rupee
Do 6 months' sight	...1s. 8¼d.	,,
Credits 3	,, ...1s. 8 5-16d.	,,
Documents 3	,, ...1s. 8⅜d.	,,

On Calcutta sellers of demand drafts now hold for 3/16 but buyers are at ¼ premium. For 60 days' sight the nominal quotation is 9/16 per cent discount.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES continue a shade steadier at for Fours, Rs. 100¾; Fours-and-a-half, Rs. 100¾; Fives-and-a-half, Rs. 103 to ¼.

In SHARES there has been nothing whatever doing to-day and values are unchanged.

COTTON is a trifle easier, and sellers are disposed to accept a reduction of Re. 1 to Rs. 2 per candy from the highest point, but even with this concession there is nothing to be done for export, the firmness in Exchange and Freight putting the sterling cost much over home quotations.

FREIGHTS are much firmer to-day, engagements by steam for Liverpool having been made at £1-15, and even at this consignees do not seem anxious to go on.

In PIECE GOODS business is quite at a stand still owing to the holidays.

COALS to arrive have undergone a further decline. Davison's West Hartley by steam, which a few days ago was sold at Rs. 19, is now offering at Rs. 18½ and Watson's Hartley has receded from Rs. 16¾ to Rs. 16¼ per ton to arrive. The more warlike news in to-day's telegrams may be expected to induce greater firmness, as prices have now receded to a point at which the slightest extra demand would immediately tell.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Banks.	No. of Shares.	Nomi. Value p. sh.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rates per Share.
		Rs.	Rs.	p. a.	
Agra Bank	100,000	100	all	5 p. ct	103
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	60 do.	710
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	10 do.	718½
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	8 do.	625
Chartered Mercantile Bank of L. & China.	30,000	250	all	8 do.	300
Hong. & Shanghai Bank.	40,000	125	all	8 do.	335
Chartered Bank of India and China	40,000	200	all	5 do.	175
National Bank of India.	37,220	250	125	6 do.	109
Oriental Bank.....	60,000	250	all	11 do.	500

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton Press Co..	150	5,000	2,850	150 p.a.	1,250 xd.
Albert Co., Kurrachee..	200	2,000	1,100	180 do	810 xd.
Albert Ginning Co.....	500	all	18 p.c.	650	100
Apollo Press Co.....	750	2,750	2,200	32 p.s.	600
Bellary	175	1,000	all	60	735 xd.
Berar Company (New)..	150	500	all	60 p.s.	475
Indian Press Co.....	1,000	350	all	42 do	212½
Broach Cotton Co.....	400	250	all	10 do	80
Carwar Co.....	1,000	1,500	all	75 do	900
Colaba Press Co.....	500	1,880	all	170 do	800
Dhollera P. and G. Co..	500	300	all	15 do	175
East India Press Co....	382	1,000	all	150 do	990
Fort Press Co.....	150	8,500	8,250	225	1,750
French Press Co.....	300	500	all	35 do	400
Imperial Press Co.....	1,150	..	1,400	100 do	410
Motiusall Press and Ginning Co.....	3,125	400	350	25 do	200 xd.
Nicol Press Manufacturing Co., Ld.	600	2,000	all	..	1,000
Prince of W. Press.....	120	..	1,500	250 do	700
Sassoon's Press Co.....	600	..	all	50 do	310 xd.
Scinde Press Co.....	400	850	750	67½ do	430
Scinde & Punjaub Cotton Press Co., Ld....	100	1,000	925	175 do	1150
Victoria Cotton Gin and Press Co.....	150	850	all	12 p.c.	600 nl.
Volkart's United Press Co.	450	1,000	1,000	75 p.s.	850 xd.

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Alexandra S. and W. Co.	750	1,250	all	50 p.s*	1,200
Alfred Mills Co.....	250	1,000	1,000	16 p.c.	1,100
Alliance Spinning.....	500	2,000	all	100	2,425 xd.
Angio-Indian S. and W. Company	30,000	100	80	..	78
Bhownuggur M. and P. Company	300	2,000	all	100 p.s.	1,675 xd.
Bombay United.....	900	1,000	all	65 p.s.	1,155
Bombay Hemp and Jute Mill Company....	2,000	300	all	..	270
Broach Mills	1,800	170	all	10 p.s*	135
Colaba S. and W. Co. ..	900	1,000	all	..	1,055
Coorla S. and W. Co. ..	1,000	1,000	all	..	1,075
Central India S. and W. Company	2,500	500	450	..	560
Dharumsey Spinning ..	3,000	2,000	all	..	1,125
Fleming S. and W. Co..	1,500	1,250	all	100 p.s	1,135 xd.
Great Eastern ,, ...	1,400	1,000	all	80 p.s*	1,2 5
Hindustan S. & W. Co..	573	1,000	all	10 p.c.	1,160
Hydrabad S. and W. Co.	700	1,000	1,000	..	880
Jewraj Balloo Mills	750	1,000	all	40 p.s*	1,085
Khandesh Spinning	750	1,000	all	80 p.s*	1,090
K. Mucoujee S. & W. Co.	1,000	1,000	all	..	965
Madras Spinning	300	1,250	all	Nil	1,165
Madras U. Spinning....	425	1,000	all	75 p.s*	1,150
Manchester & Bombay. S. and W. Co.	30,000	50	25	..	27½
Mandvie S. and W. Co..	1,200	500	all	..	615
Manockjee Petit's.....	2,500	1,000	all	70 p.s*	1,270 xd.
Morarjee Spinning	1,040	1,000	all	80 p.s*	1,275
Managon S. and W. Co..	2,000	5,000	all	..	330
National S. and W. Co. of India.....	950	1,000	all	..	950
Nerlad S. and W. Co....	400	1,000	all	..	920
Nursey S. and W. Co....	2,500	400	all	..	405
Oriental	1,000	625	all	80 p.s*	805
Prince of Wales Spinning	600	1,250	all	..	1,300
Sassoon S. & W. Co.....	1,500	1,000	all	..	990
Soondercdas Spinning ..	650	1,000	all	50 p.s.	925
Do do. ½ Share..	300	1,000	250	125 p.s.	300
Sholapore S. and W. Co.	500	1,000	all	..	940
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	all	..	700

* Per Share for the half-year

LAND COMPANIES.

Colaba Land Co. (New).	3,048	2,000	all	..	25	1,100
Frere Land and Pier Co. Limited.....	7,500	150	all	..	..	100
Managon Land	1,750	2,000	1,000	20 p. s.		480
Port Canning Land Company, Limited.....	6,000	1,400	all	10 do.		230

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock.....	..	£20 21⅝ 3/0	5 p. c.	382
Do. New £30 shares....	..	£30 13⅜ 14⅝	do.	120
Ditto	..	£20 6⅝ 7⅜	do.	72
Ditto	..	£20 21 21⅛	do.	32
B. B. and C. I. Ry. Co.	..	£100 1,000	do.	1,100
Do. New Shares....	..	£18 19⅝ 9/16	do.	235

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	16 p. ct	1,865
Bombay Gas Company....	1,000	50	all	4½ p. ct	60
Bombay Saw Mills Co....	600	1,000	all	80 p. s.	725
Landing and Shipping Co. of Kurrachee, Ld.	500	500	300	36 p. s.	215
Malabar Company, Ld...	1,150	200	100	7½ p. ct	70
Mechanics' Building Co.	1,000	500	all	4 p. s.	27
Treacher and Co.	1,000	100	all	5 p. ct	110
Vegas Patent Slip Co..	3,00	250	all	6 p. ct	38

BANK OF BENGAL.

THE following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 10th October compared with that for 3rd October:—

LIABILITIES.	3rd October. Rs. A. P.	10th October Rs. A. P.
Capital	2,00,00,000 0 0	2,00,00,000 0 0
Reserve Fund	16,78,832 7 9	16,78,832 7 9
Treasury Balances	2,94,09,961 7 3	2,79,96,081 5 4
Other Deposits	1,56,7.,6 9 12 1	1,80,93,404 1 11
Bank Post Bills, &c.....	3,41,856 13 11	2,61,525 10 7
Sundries	6,07,256 3 9	6,23,170 12 4
Rs.	6,77,03,166 14 9	6,86,49,664 5 11

ASSETS.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Government Securities.....	1,41,98,225 14 6	1,42,21,184 15 9
Loans on Govt. Securities.	56,11,194 6 11	64,30,994 7 2
Credits on ditto ...	46,84,389 2 5	44,98,107 12 7
Bills Discounted.....	1,56,49,569 4 0	1,73,86,881 2 9
Balances with other Banks	11,35,402 15 10	8,79,681 2 10
Bullion	14,796 7 0	14,796 7 0
Dead Stock	10,45,782 7 6	10,44,384 15 9
Stamps	9,923 15 10	10,551 10 10
Sundries	1,38,005 5 0	1,36,010 14 10
Cash at Head Office	71,26,467 6 9	4,45,71,899 7 0
Do. at Branches	1,70,89,419 9 0	2,40,77,670 14 11
Rs.	6,77,03,166 14 9	6,86,49,664 5 11

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s s. s. AVA, 1,708 tons, Captain C. Day, sailed on Saturday last for Calcutta, in ballast.

THE S. S. CELLA, 1,666 tons, Captain W. Holmes, sailed on Saturday last for Calcutta, in ballast.

MESSRS. R RUBATTINO AND CO.'S S. S. ASSYRIA, 1,135 tons, Captain E. Boselli, sailed yesterday for Genoa, &c., via the Suez Canal, with a general cargo.

THE S. S. KOINA, 706 tons, Captain W. Morrison, arrived in harbour on the 13th instant from Jeddah and Aden, with a general cargo, and five deck passengers.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s S. S. GOA, 1,905 tons, Captain J. Avern, sailed on Saturday last for Coast and Calcutta, with a general cargo, and the following passengers:—Mr. A. W. Alcock, Mr. J. T. W. Killard, Miss. Pildips, and twenty-two deck passengers.

THE P. AND O. Co.'s S. S. TANJORE, 1,402 tons, Captain J. C. Almond, sailed on Saturday last for Australia, &c., with Australian Mails, general cargo, and the following passengers:—For Melbourne, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Lee, six children and one servant.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s s. s. MADURA, 1,266 tons, Captain J. R. Gavin, arrived in harbour on the 14th instant from Coast and Calcutta, with a general cargo, and the following passengers:—Mr. G. N. Dalrymple, Major Goodfellow, Lieutenant B. A. C. Demayalhes, Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Pinto, Dr. Crawford and two children, and seventy-five deck passengers.

ARRIVALS.

Oct.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
13	Koina (s)	Morrison	Jeddah, Aug 28.
14	Madura (s)	Gavin.....	Calcutta, Sept 19.

DEPARTURES.

Oct.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
14	Afton	Semple	Calcutta.
	Tanjore (s)	Almond	Australia.
	Ava (s)	Day.....	Calcutta.
	Goa (s)	Avern.....	alcutta.
15	Assyria(s).....	Baselli	Genoa.
	Cella (s).....	Holmes	Calcutta.

CALCUTTA.

Oct.	ARRIVALS	
10	Erimnta	Benson .....Rio Janeiro, Aug 2.
11	Pleiades (s)	Lapage .....Liverpool, Sept 8.
	Albula	Pende.....Aden, Sept. 6.

Oct.	DEPARTURES.		
10	Baghdad (s).....	.....	.....
	Mahratta(s).....	.....	.....
11	Oonyia (s).....	.....	.....
	Jura	.....	.....
	Amazonh.....	.....	.....
	Swiftsure	.....	.....
	Orissa	.....	.....
	Kenyon	.....	.....
	Jacques Fouresteur..	.....	.....
	Night Hawk.....	.....	.....

PASSENGERS.

PER PLEIADES.—Mrs Sharpe, 3 Master Sharpes, Miss Sharpe, Messrs Place, Cruikshank, Ogilvie, Macdonalds, Long and Gibson, and Mr and Mrs Stewart.

VESSELS SPOKEN.

BY ALBULA.—Lady Eglia in Lat. 6-14 N, Long. 82-0 E, 19 days from Calcutta, wished to be reported, all well.

BY PLEIADES.—Tenasserim 30 miles S. E. of E. C. Light Ship on the 10th October.

MADRAS.

Oct.	ARRIVALS.	
11	D. of Devonshire(s).	Calcutta.

Oct.	DEPARTURES.		
11	Merkara (s).....	.....	Calcutta.
12	Clarence	.....	Calcutta.
	Stamboul	.....	Coconada.

PASSENGERS SAILED.—October 12.

PER P. AND O. STR. TENERIAN.—From Madras to Calcutta—Capt and Mrs Galloway, child and European nurse, Lieut-Col Balfour, Mr O Nash, Mr Schmidt, and Lieut Beaver.

DAILY IMPORTS—OCTOBER 14.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Childwall Hall s—50 boxes lucoap, Abdoolally Dawoodkhan.
Zante s—50 cases port, Sorajee and Edulice.

FROM LONDON.

Atholl s—77 cases oilmanstore, Dawoodbhoy Abdool Hoosen; 150 marks pale ale, Jamsetjee Framjee; 15 cases slate pencils Ismal Abdool Raymond.
Afton. 300 fagots steel, Ramchundr Mahadew and Co.
S-lo s—3 cases matches, Ahmed E mail.
Thibet s—3 cases toys, Bolton and Co; 25 cases old tom, Manukjee Jamsetjee.
Nizam s—5 cases champagne, Cutler, Palmer and Co.
As-am s—177 cases claret, Cutler, Palmer and Co.
Galatea s—5 cases brandy, Scott, Latim-r and Co.

FROM GLASGOW.

India s—5 casks oilmanstore, Bolton and Co; 10 packages earthenware, Jaffer Rahimtoola.

DAILY EXPORTS.—OCTOBER 14.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

India s—1,630 cwts wheat, Ruzubally Allyruza; 50 bales wool, Shamjee Veerjee; 50 bales wool. Lilladhur Govindjee, 1-1 bales wool, Nursey Khuttow; 56 bales wool, Vithaldas Mahadewdas; 59 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers; 245 bales cotton, Malsey Corsey; 100 bales cot on, Gocouldass Thackersee; 40 bales wool, Curandass Damoder.
Zerbino s—65 cwts. B. horns. Dawoodbhoy Hussam; 2,500 dholls coir yarn, Dinshaw Bhicajee Khan and Co; 65 bales rags, Gocouldas Cullianjee; 38 bales wool, Kessowjee Toolseedas; 175 bales cotton, Nemchund Kuimchund.

FOR LONDON.

Avoca s—9 cases chudder, Mooseedemul Jankeedas; 1 case shawls, Amidaha Joosubsha; 6 cases shawls, Hajee Alowla; 2 cases shawl, Roognath Kessowjee.
Hydrus s—53 cwts. B. horns, 84 cwts shundroos, 26 cwts tortoise shell. Currimbhoy Hussanbhoy; 2 cases tortoise shell, Abdoola Momed; 36 bales senna, and 5 bales hides, P and O Co; 5 cases fishmaws, Mooljeebhoy Gangjee; 51 packages cloves, Furdhan Sewjee; 2 cwts B. horns, Hussam Noor Mahamed.

FOR HAVRE.

Zerbino s—87½ cwts coir yarn and 86 bales cotton, Tyabjee and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Avoca s—6 cases shawls. W Nicol and Co.
Assyria s—750 cwts gingelly seed, Ralli Brothers.

FOR TRIESTE.

Thibet s—100 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co; 300 bales cotton, Feel, Cassels and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Thibet s—100 bales cotton E Spinner and Co.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Royal Diadem—70 bales cotton, Young and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Travancore s—16 cases shark fins Dattobhoy Dossa; 300 baskets onions, Shaik Ahmed; 262 chests opium, David Sassoon and Co; 500 chests opium Nursee Keseowjee; 28 chests opium, Hajee Abodool Noor Mamed; 175 ch sts opium, E D Sassoon; 10 chests opium, Hajee Mahomed Seedick; 50 chest opium, Hajee Adam Esmail and Co; 20 chests opium, Tata and Co; 14 chests opium, Hajee Essac Kilias; 4 chests opium Gungabux Sajooram; 7 bales twist, E D Sassoon; 16 chests opium, Jairakhoy Peerbhoy.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Travancore s 15 chests opium, Cursetjee Bomanjee and Co; 18 chests opium Tarachund Gemshanadass; 33 chests opium, Magnulal Purtodass; 12 chests opium, Tarachu nd Setaram 22 chests opium, Framjee Hormusjee and Co; 14 chests opium, Gooljee Singanee.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS,

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

BOMBAY, 13th October 1876.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah	29·897
Temperature of the Air.....	81·5
Wet Bulb Thermometer.....	75·3
Dew Point	72·9
Relative humidity of Air	·758
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=8).	1·2
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m)	86·4
Minimum do. do. (read at 9-30 a. m.)...	75·4
General Direction of wind .....NNW, N, NNE, NE, ENE NW, NNW.	
Go'ement of wind in 24 hours	801

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—OCTOBER 11.

Bertie, Capt, Bengal Coldstream Guards, on duty, from Allahabad.

OCTOBER 12.

Hock, Capt, Bombay Sappers and Miners, on leave, from Kirkee.

OCTOBER 13.

Watts, Major, Bombay 22nd Regt N I, on leave, from Poona.

OCTOBER 14.

Beville, Col, Bombay 1st Belooch Regt, on leave, from Poona.

DEPARTURES—OCTOBER 14.

Beville, Col, Bombay 1st Belooch Regt, on leave, to Cannanore and N. Igheries.
Bowles, Lieut, Bombay 15th Regt, from leave, to Poona.

OCTOBER 15.

Owen, Capt, Bombay 2nd Cavalry, on furlough, to England.
Mellies, Lieut, Bengal Staff Corps, on leave, to England.
Darnah, Lieut Col, Bengal Staff Corps, on furlough, to England.
Francis, Lieut Col, Madras Staff Corps, on leave, to England.
Jenkins, Major, Bombay 1st Lancers, on sick leave, to England.
Byers, Col, Bengal Staff Corps, on furlough, to England.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.
Adjutant General's Office, Head Quarters,
Poona, 14th October 1876.

The C in C is pleased to notify that, with a sanction of Govt the 8th Infy and 3rd Cavy prize for proficiency in instruction has been increased from Rs 20 annually to Rs 5 per mensem. Para 297 of the Musketry Regulations should be altered accordingly.

Under instructions from the Horse Guards, War, Office, it is intimated that it is C W C Murphy and R Ware, R A, upon the supernumerary List, are promoted Captains thereon, with effect from the 13th Sept, 1876.

Intimation has been received from the Horse Guards, that the undermentioned officers have been permitted to exchange to battalions of their Regt specified, provided the public be put no expense by the arrangement, and that both officers join their respective battalions without delay.

5th Foot—Lt F St Maur, 1st Batn and Lt H Porter 2nd Batn.

The C in C is pleased to make the following appointments:—
2nd Regt L C—Lt A Pringle, Offg 2nd Squadron Subn, on probation, to officiate as 1st Squadron Subn, on probation, vice Capt Owen, proceeding on furlough.
Lt J R C Domvile, 2nd Batn 15th Foot, a candidate for the S C, to officiate as 2nd squadron Subn, on probation, vice Lt Pringle.
The undermentioned officer returned to duty by permission of the Secretary of State for India on the 10th Oct 1876:—
Lt Col C T Heathcote, S C, 2nd in Comd, 12th Regt N I.
The undermentioned are reported to have passed the required examination in Hindustani according to the Lower Standard Test:—
Lt E H Pickwod, 4th Bde R A; Lt G T Jones, R E; No 5 B/91 Private R Palmer, No 1708 Private P Doyle, 2nd Batn 15th Foot; Sub-Lt P Stock and No 44 B/49 Private P W Murphy, 56th Foot; No 1011 Lance Corporal Gover, No 1090 Private G Lane for India on the 10th Oct 1876.
Foot; and Surg Maj J O'Nial, Army Medl Dept.
With reference to G G C No 615 of the 7th Inst, Lt A J Adams, 1st Batn 2nd Foot, will join the Poona class, instead of that at Mhow.
Gunner John Burt, C Bde, R H A, employed in the Ordnance Dept, is transferred to the Unattached List.
Corporal Henry Fletcer, 1st Battn 2nd Foot, employed in the Barrack Dept, is transferred to the Unattached List.
With reference to G G C No 930 of 30th Ultimo, Serjt William Henry Steele, C Bde R H A, is reappointed to the Ordnance Dept, on the temporary Establt.
The services of Corporal Cameron, R E, are placed at the disposal of the Inspr Genl of Ordnance and Magazines.
Serjt John Stephenson, employed in the Ordnance Dept, is recommended to the 6th Bde R A, for discharge.
Serjt Issac Youngs, R E, employed in the P W Dept, is permitted to rejoin the 43rd Company Royal Engrs, in the rank of corporal.
Erratum—In G O C No 618 of 7th Inst, opposite Serjt George Woodword's name, for "2nd Batn 15th Foot" read "2nd Battn 76th Foot."
Serjt John Gallagher, 2nd Battn 15th Regt, is appointed Assist Garrison Provost Serjt, Bombay, and transferred to the Unattached List.
Lance corporal M Keough, 66th Foot, is appointed Asst Instructor in the Central Gymnasium, Poona, vice Lance Serjt W Molehby, 106th Foot, who has to rejoin his Regt.
Lance Corporal T Daggett, 2nd Battn 7th Foot, employed as Orderly Room Serjt, Deolallee Depot, is remanded to his Regt to be invalided.
Serjt G Cleary 2nd Batn 7th Foot, is appointed Orderly Room Serjt, Deolalee, Depot, and transferred to the Unattached List.
With the sanction of the Director Genl of Military Education the following changes in the Educational Dept are ordered:—
Army Schoolmast r J Dorman, from the 66th Foot, to the Royal Artillery School, Mhow.
Army Schoolmaster V Yaxley, 106th Foot, to the 66th Foot, vice Dorman.
The following orders are confirmed:—
2nd Foot, (1st Battalion)—Regtl Order, dated 18th Sept 1876, appointing Lt Cust, to perform the duties of Asst Instructor of Musketry.
56th Foot—Regtl Order, dated 28th Sept 1876, appointing Lt C Wood, Asst Instructor of Musketry, from the 1st Oct, in the absence of a qualified Officer and in addition to his other duties.
66th Foot—Regtl Order, dated 5th Oct, appointing Capt J Healey, Asst Instructor of Musketry, from the 6th Idem.
83rd Foot—Regtl Order, dated 1st Oct 1876, appointing Lt R C G Mayne, Asst Instructor of Musketry to the Regt.
19th Regt N I—Regtl Order, dated 1st Oct 1876, directing Maj Gayer, Wing Officer, to officiate as 2nd in Comd; and Capt French, Qr Mr, to officiate as Wing Officer, in addition to his own duties.
The undermentioned officers and Warrant Officer have leave of absence:—
Regl Infantry—Lt Col R A C Hunt, Wing Officer, 5th Regt N L I, for 30 days, from date of departure, preparatory to proceeding on furlough to Europe.
[N B—This cancels so much of G O C No 609, 4th inst, as relates to Lt Col Hunt.]
General List—Capt C A Owen, 1st Squadn Subn 2nd Cavy, for 15 days, from date of departure, preparatory to proceeding on furlough to Europe.
Ordnance Dept—Sub Conductor C Lacey, to Bombay, for 30 days, from date of departure, on medical certificate.

BENGAL GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

BY THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

(*Calcutta Gazette, October* 11.)

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

Lt A E Gordon, Cant Mag of Dum-Dum, is allowed leave for one month and twenty-six days, from the 4th proximo, under Sec 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.
Mr H Lee, Asst Mag and Collr, in charge of the Baraset Div, 24-Pergunnahs, is appointed to act, in addition to h s own duties as Cant Mag of Dum-Dum and as Judge of the Court of Small Causes in that Cant, during the absence, on leave, of Lt A E Gordon, or until further orders.
Mr W M Smith, Settlement Officer, Sonthal Pergunnahs, is allowed leave for three months, under Sec 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.
Mr Joseph Samuel Armstrong, Mag and Collr of Pooree, who has reported his return from furlough, is allowed subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding thirty days, to enable him to join his appointment.
Mr A Manson, Offg Mag and Collr, Pooree, is appointed to act as M g and Collr of Sungpore during the absence, on leave, of Mr Glasier, or until further orders.
Mr J Ware Edgar, C S I, Dep y Comr of Darjeeling, is appointed to act in the second grade of Dep y Comrs during the absence, on deputation, of Mr H L Oliphant, or until further orders.
Mr G J B T Dalton, Offg Dep y Comr of Cooch Behar, is appointed to act in the third grade of Dep y Comrs during the absence, on deputation, of Mr W Edgar, or until further orders.
Mr H Bell, Supt and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs, is appointed to be President of the Central Examination Committee for the second half-yearly departmental examination of Assts and others of 1876.
Mr M Rivett-Carnac, Offg Sub Dep y Opium Agent, Benares Agency, is appointed to be an Asst Sub-Dep y Opium Agent of the third grade, vice Mr H N Snel, resigned.
Mr R W Blair, Offg Asst Sub-Dep y Opium Agent, Behar Agency, is appointed to be an Asst Sub-Dep y Opium Agent of the third grade, vice Mr A H Cumberland, removed.
It is notified for general information that the next half-yearly departmental examinations of Assts and Dep y Mags in the Regulation and Non-Regulation Dists, and of officers in the Police and Opium Depts, will begin on Thursday, the 9th Nov 1876.

POSTAL NOTICES.

DEPARTURE OF OCEAN MAILS.

	Date.	Mail closes.	After packet.
United Kingdom	Oct. 16 ...	5-30 P.M. ...	6-30 P.M.
Kurrachee	,, 16 ...	11-0 A.M. ...	6-0 P.M.
Persian Gulf via Kurrachee.	,, 20 ...	11-0 A.M. ...	1-30 P.M.
China	,, 17 ...	3-0 P.M. ...	No after
Australia	,, 11 ...	3-0 P.M. ...	Packet.
Mauritius and Reunion	,, 23 ...	3-30 P.M. ...	4-0 P.M.
Zanzibar, &c	,, 23 ...	3-30 P.M. ...	4-30 P.M.

OVERLAND MAIL.

In supersession of this Office Notice of the 15th May last, it is notified that as on and after the 2nd October next till further notice the Overland Mail Steamers of the P. and O. S. N. Company will leave Bombay every Monday soon after 7 P.M. The following revised arrangements in the hours for closing Mails will come into operation from the said date:—

Letters will be received at the General Post Office up to 5-30 P.M.
Newspapers, Books, and Patterns up to 3 P.M.
Registered Letters up to 2 P.M.
Registered Letters, if fully prepaid together with an extra fee of 2 annas, will be received at the General Post Office between 2 and 4 P.M.
Late letters, if fully pre-paid by means of stamps in respect both of postage and of the late letter fee (2 annas each), will be received at the Wellington Pier Post Office from 5-30 to 6-15 P.M.
The latest hour for posting ordinary Overland Covers at the several Branch Post Offices will be 4 P.M., and registered letters at 4-15 P.M.
Fully pre-paid letters will be received on board the Overland Mail Steamer after 5 P.M., and up to starting time (7 P.M.) by the payment of an additional fee of 4 annas. All others will be refused.

The Overland Mail Steamers will leave Bombay as under:—

	7 P.M.		7 P.M.
Monday.....	Oct. 16	Monday.....	Oct. 30
,, ...	,, 23	,, ...	Nov. 6

MAURITIUS AND REUNION.

Regular Mails.		*Supplemental Mails.*	
Monday.....	Oct. 23	Monday	Oct. 30
,, ...	Nov. 13	,, ...	Nov. 27

The dates of departure from Bombay of the Supplemental Mail for Mauritius and Reunion are in consonance with the Time Table of the Messeries Maritime Company; but as the French Mail Steamers occasionally leave Aden for the Mauritius before the arrival of the Bombay Overland Mail Steamers, the Indian Postal Department will not be responsible for any delay which the correspondence forwarded by that opportunity may sustain at Aden.

CHINA MAILS.

China Mail Steamers will leave Bombay as follows:—

			4 P.M.
Tuesday.....	Oct. 17	Tuesday.....	Nov. 14
,, ...	,, 31	,, ...	,, 28

OVERLAND SUMMARY OF THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

Compiled for despatch by to-day's Mail.

Price—As. 4 per Copy.

LIST OF CONTENTS.

MAILS AND PASSENGERS FROM AND TO

LATEST INTELLIGENCE

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

PROBABLE PROLONGATION OF THE HOSTILITIES IN EUROPE.

LONDON, 14TH OCT.

The offer made by the Porte of a six months' armistice is rejected both by Servia and Monte[illegible]

[illegible] are persistent reports that Russia is increasing her armaments.

Large and increasing numbers of Russian Volunteers are recruiting the Servian ranks.

TURKISH REFORMS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 14TH OCT.

Turkey has sent a notification to the Great Powers of a scheme of reforms, the chief feature of which is the formation of an elective Legislative Assembly sitting at Stamboul.

THE LORD LIEUTENANT OF IRELAND.

LONDON, 14TH OCT.

The Duke of Abercorn has resigned his post as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland. He is succeeded by the Duke of Marlborough.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

ADEN, 15TH OCT.

The British India S. N. Co.'s s.s. Almora, outward bound to Ceylon, Madras and Calcutta, left here yesterday.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

LONDON, 13TH OCT., NOON.

Total Week's Sales of Cotton	101,000	bales.
Amount forwarded	3,000	do.
Total Week's Sales of Surats	27,000	do.
Amount forwarded	1,000	do.
Do. Week's Imports of Cotton ..	63,000	do.
Do. do. Surats..	40,000 (? 4,000)	do.
Do. Stock of Cotton	658,000	do.
Do. do. Surats	194,000	do.
Do. Stock of Cotton in London ..	33,000	do.

LONDON, 13TH OCT., AFT.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats quiet.

The London Cotton Market has been steady.

Fair Dhollera ..... 4 7/16d.

The Manchester Market has been firm.

7 lbs. Shirtings 5-10½

8¼ lbs. do. 7

40s Mule Twist..... 0-9¾.

3 per cent. Consols for Account.. 96.

5 per cent. French Rents 1872 ....106¼.

Bar Silver..... 52½.

WEATHER REPORTS.—15TH OCTOBER.

(MADRAS TIME.)

CANANORE, 5 P.M.—Weather unsettled, wind N. N W., thermometer 87, barometer 29·89.

CARWAR, 5 P.M.—Weather fine, wind W. N. W., thermometer 83, barometer 30·01.

MANGALORE, 8·15 A.M.—Weather fine, wind N. E., N. W.

VINGORLA, 5 P.M.—West or clear, wind S. W., thermometer 88.

We learn on good authority that Sir Richard Temple will vacate the Lieutenant-Governorship of Bengal before the expiration of his term, and that his successor will be the Hon'ble Ashley Eden, while the present acting holder of the Chief Commissionership of Burmah will be confirmed in the appointment.

The Directors of the Bank of Bengal, at their meeting on Thursday, made no alteration in the rate of interest or discount.

We notice that Sir Stuart Hogg has been compelled, by indisposition, to proceed to sea for a few days. He left Calcutta on Friday, and will be back on the 19th or 20th instant.

The *Rangoon Mail* ceased to exist recently under the pressing demands of four different claimants, one of whom held a mortgage on the property for Rs. 4,000. The property was sold and realised Rs. 1,700 only.

A TELEGRAM from Rangoon, dated 13th, instant, to the *Pioneer* states that Mr. Dewet, Government Advocate, British Burma, was drowned last Sunday at Cocos Island, while coming through breakers from shore to the steamer Tavoy.

It is reported by a contemporary that Sir John Strachey has now accepted the appointment of Financial Minister in succession to Sir William Muir, and that he will return to India in that capacity about the close of this, or early next year. He has been in daily attendance at the India Office in London.

It is said that the Government of Bengal has sanctioned an expenditure of Rs. 7,000 for each of the districts of Dacca, Patna and Moorshedabad, for the purpose of making some sort of demonstration, display or exhibition of fireworks on the occasion of the assumption by Her Majesty of the new title of the "Empress of India," in addition to local subscription to be raised for the purpose.

RUMOURS are current of the probable formation of a new judicial institution in India, either a sort of Privy Council or a Political Court of Appeal, or, perhaps, both in one. The idea of a Court of the latter description was first put forward many years ago by Sir George Clerk and Sir J. Kaye, and has since been popularised by Major Evans Bell, Mr. William Tayler, and others.

THE *Englishman* hears that Sir Bartle Frere is likely to take an important part in settling the programme for the coming grand durbar at Delhi. Sir Bartle Frere seems to be a *sine qua non* with the authorities in all Indian difficulties. May we ask if proper arrangements have been made for the cooking of the Viceroy's dinner at the Imperial Assemblage, as Lord Lytton may, perhaps, suffer occasionally from dyspepsia?

SOME people, for what good reason we cannot imagine, recently petitioned the Bombay Government to remit the sentence of death passed upon Jetha Ramchunder, who was sentenced to death at the last Criminal Sessions for the deliberate murder of a boy for the sake of a few wretched ornaments. We learn that Government has decided that there is no reason why the sentence should not be carried out, and Jetha will be executed to-morrow at the Jail.

OUR contemporary at Lahore may, perhaps, be joking or he may be anxious to see virtue rewarded, and has, therefore, published the following paragraph:—"It is understood that the present editor of the *Pioneer* will obtain a civil appointment from Sir Lewis Pelly in whatever province that distinguished officer may be elected to rule over. Should it be the Punjab, the appointment will most likely be a Judicial Assistantship, as there are more vacancies in that grade than competent officers to fill them."

A TELEGRAM to the *Madras Mail*, dated Chicacole, October 12, gives the following information:—

There was a great storm at Chicacole on the 6th, 7th and 8th instant. Eleven inches of rain fell between noon on Friday and midnight on Sunday.

Probably there was a cyclone near, as a very strong wind blew from north for 18 hours, then from south-east for 42 hours.

The river rose 20 feet partly from high freshes and partly by being dammed back by the wind.

Five arches of the Chicacole bridge have been carried away, and almost all the town is under water which rose nine feet in many places.

Many houses have been destroyed.

The total damage done is not yet known.

BY one of H. M. steamers which arrived from Mandalay, on the 5th instant, the six Burmese youths, who are proceeding to Europe to study, came as passengers. Their destination is said to be Italy, and they are the bearers of presents to H. M. Victor Emanuel. H. M. the King of Upper Burma has evidently great faith in Italy and her future. The *Rangoon Gazette* hears from a sure source that to be an Italian is a passport to Royal favour at Mandalay, while an Englishman is there on sufferance and it is only stern necessity that compels the King to permit any of the hated race to remain at Mandalay. True, some of them are employed in H. M.'s service; but if Italians could be found fit to take their place as engineers, their services would be dispensed with without a moment's delay.

WE learn from the *Rangoon Times* that the insurrection in Momein has been put down and that town is now in the hands of the Chinese Government. It was quietly taken possession of by a body of troops, to whom the gates were opened by a party of the townsmen. The principal part of the insurgents with their leaders made their escape as soon as the feeling in the town on the appearance of the Government troops became too strong. The rebels have taken to the jungles, where they will still give some trouble as banditti, but with the capture of Momein all chances of success on the part of the rebels ceases. Some few arrests were made and executions followed the entry of Government troops, but no wholesale massacre such as was perpetrated at Talifoo took place. The families of the rebels mostly remained in Momein, but it is said they have not been molested.

REGARDING silk culture in Coimbatore, a correspondent writes to a Madras paper:—"As experiments in silk-raising are of interest, I have to mention that the whole of the Coimbatore long-bred stock have died, while the important cocoons from Collegal have thriven and are healthy. This corroborates what has been noticed before that a constant change of seed is not only desirable but necessary. The diseased worms either did not grow to the full size, or when they attained it, had not strength to spin—some even took the chrysalis state without any cocoon at all, showing a state of exhaustion. It would be desirable to know the mean average temperature adapted to China silkworms, and whether a longer period of rest than is allowed by Southern Indian climate is, or is not, essential to the stamina of the worm. Here the mean annual temperature is 78·8. Maximum in April, 103·0, minimum in December, 65·8."

THE following paragraph from the *Pioneer* will be read with interest at the present moment; the statements made we can confirm:—"We are credibly informed that the Russians are organizing a flotilla of 50 ships on the Caspian of 500 tons burthen, each fitted for the accommodation of 2,000 soldiers. These ships are under construction by a Glasgow firm, and two of them have already been set up. Again, the same power is accumulating a very large number of trucks at Orenburg, for the transport of troops by land, after the pattern of those used by the Prussians in the Franco-German war. Russia's recent conquests in Central Asia must be costly beyond all ordinary conception, if only a part of this formidable machinery of repression is to be maintained on their account. But rumour on the spot credits her with ulterior designs against China, as part of a larger scheme of aggrandisement. The news matters but little to India; yet it would be instructive to know whether the Foreign Office, either in India or at home, has any information about these proceedings, since Russia's doings generally have come to be regarded as proper objects of solicitude."

EXPERIENCED persons were surprised to learn that the Governor of Madras had selected this month, so often a very stormy one in the Bay of Bengal, for his trip to the Andamans. A storm seems to have occurred soon after His Grace left Vizagapatam and no news of the Tenasserim has been since received. We read in the *Madras Mail* of Friday evening last that some anxiety has been caused in Madras by the non-receipt of tidings of the Tenasserim. His Grace the Governor was warned at Vizagapatam that it was probable he would encounter a storm such as is usual in that latitude at this time of year if he persisted in crossing the Bay of Bengal, but he declined to alter his plans, and re-embarked with his daughters and the Commander-in-Chief on the evening of the 3rd. Thirty or thirty-six hours afterwards, the coast from Vizagapatam to Chicacole, a distance of sixty miles, is now known to have been visited by a storm of almost unequalled severity, which continued for full two days and a half, and committed great ravages. It is feared that the Tenasserim must have run into this storm, and that her arrival at Port Blair and at Rangoon was thereby delayed. She was due in Rangoon two days ago, but up to the hour of our going to press no intelligence had been received of her arrival at that port. It is thought probable that if bad weather was experienced the Governor may have relinquished the idea of pursuing his voyage to the Andamans, and have proceeded direct to Coylon.

THE rainfall in different parts of India has become a subject of much interest just now. The following pragraph from the Allahabad paper on the subject shows the vicissitudes of the season in those parts:—"It seems as if the rains, which were nearly a month behind time in putting in their appearence this year, were going to remain to welcome our Governors on their return from the hills. We have already had a rainy season fully as long as usual, and we are not likely to be very far short of our full allowance of inches, though we cannot hope to come up to the measure of last year. A comparison of the rainfalls of the two years gives a good idea of the vagaries of the weather. In 1875 we had about an inch in the early part of the year, and during May there were a few showers measuring altogether about an inch. In June, 3·49 inches were measured; in July, 26·33 (the occasion of the great floods); in August, 12·63; in September, 12·63; and in October, ·10, making a total of nearly 48 inches. This year there was never more than a drop or two until the beginning of June, and then we only got 1·29 inches. In July we had 10·05; in August, 10·75; in September, 4·5; and in October, up to to-day, we have had 5·81, making a total of 32·40. The best authorities agree that the average is about 38 or 39 inches, so we are not very far short of the complement. The tide appears to have turned now, and we may expect the cold weather punctual to date on the 15th. The recent rains have undoubtedly caused a great deal of loss by washing newly-sown seed out of the ground, but perhaps, on the whole, the future benefit will be much greater than the present loss."

IN the "Report on the Cholera Epidemic in 1875 in India," by Dr. Cunningham, which has just been published, we are informed that the remarkable freedom from cholera which India enjoyed during 1874 was followed in 1875 by a wide-spread epidemic extending throughout Bengal proper, the North-West Provinces, Oudh, the lower districts of the Punjab, Berar, portions of the Central Provinces, the Bombay Presidency, and some parts of Madras. The mortality was very heavy in many of the provinces. In Oudh, the number of deaths was 23,321; in the Central Provinces, 14,643; in Berar, 22,465; in Madras, 97,051; and in Bombay, 47,573. Perhaps the most valuable portions of the Report are those dealing with the question of the efficacy or otherwise of quarantine as a preventive and the causes of the disease. Dr. Cunningham says that quarantine is worse than useless, as it entails hardships on portions of the community and deranges trade and commerce, while it is quite ineffectual in perventing or checking progress of the disease. In the 67 communities in which cholera appeared, and the facts regarding which were reported by 66 medical officers, there was no evidence that the disease was due to importation; the attendants on the sick did not suffer more than others; and removal of a patient from an affected locality was generally attended with excellent results in checking the disease. "The whole history of the epidemic," says the report in conclusion, "points to the danger of locality,—to a cause or causes which, though spread over a large area, become in some way localised in certain quarters within that area. What these local cholera and other disease-causes are must be the aim of further investigation, and their removal the aim of all practical sanitary action."

THE PRESENT DEARTH.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Is it not astonishing to note that while relief works are being organized up-country to relieve the wants of those suffering from this season's dearth, nothing is done or thought of being done for the poorer natives of Bombay? The scarcity up-country has immensely affected the Bombay market, particularly with regard to the lower classes of grain—the staple food of the native poor. Bajree, within the last few days has risen in price from Rs. 16 to Rs. 30 per candy, and to-day only is there a fall to Rs. 28. Can the poorer classes afford to buy food at such famine prices? It is only too plain that they cannot, and there are at the present moment hundreds of people in this city of Bombay suffering from want, as their fellow sufferers are up-country and in the districts. It is high time, indeed, that Government woke out of its apathy to adopt some measures to prevent suffering here. As the year advances, grain will become dearer and dearer, and when finally an attempt is made to relieve the wants of the poor it will perhaps be too late to do so. Now is the opportunity; surely it would not be too much to ask that a Commission be appointed to look into what the future state of the poor must be a few months hence, as the dearth increases. Merchants are already despatching telegrams to the Persian Gulf, Kurrachee, &c., to purchase and send on to Bombay all the grain procurable. This will no doubt cause a great inflow to Bombay, which, notwithstanding, should not prevent present measures being taken to remedy the state of affairs.—I am &c.,

Bombay, 13th Oct. ALPHA.

"A BENIGHTED CHRISTIAN" AND "W. W."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I am much pleased to see that I have at last effectually aroused the Professor from his usual state of sublime repose. When he can write indignantly and indulge in strong language we begin to see that he is, as I have said all along, a creature of human passions like ourselves, and not exalted above us by an immeasurable superiority of moral and intellectual gifts.

The Professor has, however, quite mistaken my position both in the religious and the political controversy. I am no more opposed to free discussion than himself; on the contrary, my whole argument has been in favour of discussion on equal terms. What I objected to was the Professor's inordinate dogmatism, his assumption that every view of the case but his own is absurd, that he and those he follows have an insight into the right and the wrong which is denied to other mortals. I look upon it that a good deal of "intellectual imbecility" is preferable to this intensity of intellectual arrogance, and I feel pretty sure that those who think otherwise are to be found chiefly, not among the Europeans of Bombay, but among the educated Parsees and Hindoos. And if we turn to public opinion in England as represented by the public press, what do we find? On this Eastern Question as on all others the newspapers are divided. Some have from the first held with the policy of Government. Some have been equally consistent against Government: the *Times*, as its way is, has shifted backwards and forwards according as the popular voice sounded loudest on one or the other side. One paper only has taken the view that it alone was really inspired, that the question has only one side, and that its opponents were all either fools or knaves. This of course is the *Spectator*, and no one is the least surprised at it taking this course, for it always possesses this serene self-confidence. So also in Bombay. The newspapers take different views as do the correspondents of the newspapers. One only writes as if he saw into the hidden springs of all things: he quite naturally writes of the extreme stupidity and incompetency of Lord Beaconsfield and Lord Derby, and is angry and astonished when it is suggested that they may possibly know more above what is going on than he does. This person is, of course, "W. W."

Even now he can only say:—"The assumption, that diplomatists behind the scenes know much more than the world outside is, of course, *partly true*," and even this admission he modifies by saying that what everybody knows, is the really important part of what is going on. The instance he gives of this seems to me to show a wonderful want of insight in one who tells us that every "foreseeing statesman," every "instructed person" foresaw what was going to happen in Europe. Of course, neither Lord Beaconsfield nor Lord Derby are "instructed persons," whatever that they mean, but it is rather curious that no instructed person should have told us a few months ago what was coming. Surely there must be one or two such in the House of Commons. However, the Professor's example of the importance of what is known to everybody and the unimportance of what is known to Governments and Ambassadors is taken from the events in Italy in 1848 9. "What Mazzini wrote and Garibaldi did in those years were the really vital facts, and the only facts which can interest any human being now," and the inference is that the atrocities by the Turks in Bulgaria and the general badness of their rule are the really vital facts of the present complication. But suppose Mazzini and Garibaldi had in 1848-9 succeeded in stirring up an European war, would their writings and actions now be the only facts to interest us in the history of that time? Scarcely, I think, for a European war gives rise to a good many facts and interests of a rather vital description to nations as well as individuals. One way and another things were smoothed over at that time, and so Mazzini's harangues and Garibaldi's feats stand out as the prominent occurrences of the time. So also if the British workmen, headed by Professor Fawcett, were to succeed in making the nation enter on a crusade against the Turks and in seating Russia at Constantinople, the history of this time would probably contain something more striking than an account of the indignation meetings held against the Ministry, which we may now hope will be the most prominent events of the autumn of this year.

I repeat, however, what I have said in every letter I have written, that I have no intention of entering into any controversy with "W. W." or any one else either on religious affairs or on the state of Europe. I began writing, and have continued it, simply to show up the arrogance of the Professor, and to protest against any controversy being carried on when one of the parties adopts a tone of such undisguised superiority. It is characteristic of the Professor that the fact of Mr. Forster and the *Times* now supporting Lord Derby against Mr. Gladstone makes not the smallest difference in the confidence with which he (the Professor) condemns the policy of the Ministry. His tone is—

I care for nobody—no, not I.

Perhaps it would be equally truly if he continued,

"And nobody cares for me."

Now let me finish with a little story, which I hope some of your readers will think amusing. I was in a train the other day and had the benefit of hearing the conversation of two clerks. One began by saying "Wordsworth?" (so familiarly did he speak of the Professor) "has finished writing, hasn't he?" and on being answered in the affirmative, he remarked that it was "awfully funny" to find a European saying that he was not a Christian. But after a pause to reflect on this phenomenon, he added in a tone of satisfaction:—"But after all, he can't be admitted into any Hindoo caste." Do you think, Sir, that this is really what the native readers of the Professor's letters on Christianity imagine he is coming to?—I am, &c,

A BENIGHTED CHRISTIAN.

Oct. 14.

MR. SCHROTTKY AS A PRACTICAL CHEMIST AND AGRICULTURIST.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In your issue this morning Mr. Schrottky wholly shirks the question at issue, treats me to a little harmless abuse, and puts forth a statement which is a—well, we'll call it simply a reversal of the truth—you see I don't want even him to think me scurrilous.

I was the person attacked and he the aggressor, and the questions I put were merely to settle *the* question as to whether he was a qualified critic of my proceedings and a qualified adviser of the public on matters chemical and agricultural. I think he has abundantly demonstrated that he is neither the one nor the other.

I knew perfectly well what he intends us to understand by the formidable array of capitals which he parades invariably after his name. What I wanted to know was whether they were conferred on him by a University or assumed by himself. On this point I am still left in the dark, and am likely to remain so, as after Mr. Schrottky's utter disregard of truth this morning I should hesitate to accept any statement from him unless supported by irrefragable evidence. Moreover, I did not know, nor do I now know, the *social, scientific, or literary value* of those letters. Mr. Schrottky has himself thrown a cloud of suspicion over them. He has either had them conferred upon him by the Senate of the University of Geisson, or he has not. In the former case they can hardly be of more value than a certificate from the head master of one of our Anglo-Vernacular schools. In the latter he has no right to use them. Mr. Schrottky is no very recent acquisition to Bombay and its industries. He has posed for a long time before our public as a getter up of companies which do not pay (although they have each started with Mr. S. as manager) and as an advertiser, pamphleteer, lecturer and author he has constantly kept his G. C. U. G before our eyes. The letters, however, have not quite hidden the man, and I can therefore complacently see him put before the public denials of my statements, knowing that in the minds of those who know us no doubt will remain as to which of us is entitled to belief. I say this in reference to his statement that his "acquaintance with Mr. Fretwell comprises about half an hour's conversation upon Indian agriculture;" the real fact being that during the first three months of 1875, Mr. Schrottky was a constant visitor at my house, and was constantly asking me to contribute towards his projected book, and that during the present year, before his book went to press and during the time it was being printed, he also favoured me with his society. As to the books he speaks of he had many of them from January 1875 to June this year, and has not yet returned all, though (as he says) he has returned his thanks. He must surely forget his repeated ineffectual attempts to induce me to join him in projecting a company to work out his sewage scheme. After this it is unnecessary to characterise the nature of his statement.

If Mr. Schrottky can only defend his professional reputation at the cost of sacrificing veracity, he is in a most unenviable position. But to the point—what are his qualifications as a critic and as a chemist? He will not tell you, so we must depend upon such evidence as is forthcoming.

He tells as that the cultivation to which I allude "amounted to his utilising some waste ground." Nothing could be more insincere. The cultivation spoken of was an attempt to prove that he knew something of agricultural chemistry. "The waste ground" he speaks of consisted of excellent ricefland at Chinchpoogly, and the "garden products" consisted of *Carolina rice, maize* and "garden products." The cultivation of the Carolina rice was intended to prove the correctness of his estimates in his pamphlet on the utilization of the sewage of Bombay. He used between 60 and 70 cart loads of "poudrette which, at a low estimate, must have been the equivalent of 300 to 400 cart loads of night-soil manure on a very small plot of ground." Now, he being a teacher of the public on agricultural chemistry and its application to Indian agriculture, let him answer truly, if he can, the following queries:—

1st. Did he ever hear of any practical agriculturist cultivating (or of "any agricultural chemist" advising the culture of) cereals on what was practically a heap of concentrated and unassimilated manure?

2nd. If so, how does he account for such a miserably stunted crop of rice and straw; and how was it that his maize was simply a laughing stock to every one who saw it?

3rd. Will Mr. Schrottky oblige us after calculating the expenses of his cultivation by telling us how much over (*or under*) *one twelfth* of those expenses was realized by the sale of his rice? &c. He need not put anything down for supervision, as that turned out to be obviously valueless, but he may calculate the poudrette at his own valuation of Rs. 6 per cart load delivered on the ground and add the cost of labour and seed.

4th. How was it that on neighbouring land splendid crops were raised by *ignorant* ryots without the resources of an agricultural chemist (*forbid the mark*) at their disposal?

Despairing after this morning's letter of getting a true explanation from Mr. Schrottky, let me hazard my own theory to account for the utter failures. It is that Mr. Schrottky thought a man could become a farmer by reading books, forgetting that however precise the instructions, the latter may impart, and whatever use they may prove to a practical man, they can never impart the brains requisite to apply their principles to practice. Here has been Mr. Schrottky's deficiency.

I have seen his acid works and I have heard that he was introduced by Messrs. Beattie to other acid works already in existence, and that he took a trip to Europe at the expense of Messrs. Beattie to gain information on the subject. I know, as a matter of fact, that I possess a copy of "Ure's Dictionary of Arts, &c.," published in 1847; that during the 30 years since that book many improvements have been made in the manufacture of acid; that these improvements are noted in recent editions of Dr. Ure's book and in all other books on the subject published since 1847; that if Mr. Schrottky has any knowledge of chemistry whatever worth speaking of these improvements should be known to him. Still, with all that, when I visit the works "called into existence by his hands and his brains," I find nothing there but what might have been erected and worked by an ordinary mechanic after a perusal of any old edition, and the fact remains that in no instance yet, which is known to the public, has Mr. Schrottky proved himself a reliable adviser on chemistry or on agriculture. He has placed himself on the horns of this dilemma. If his knowledge of chemistry is worth anything at all, the estimates on which he induced capitalists to invest their money were simply fraudulent estimates. If they were not fraudulent estimates, then he has no knowledge of the subject, and his G.C.U.G. is simply a lure to the unwary, and a sham.

He would indeed have been well advised had he left my letter unnoticed, as he appears to be in such a plight that either his professional reputation or his reputation as a man, honest in word and deed, must be sacrificed. So be it. There does not appear to be much solidity about the foundation of either.

Oct. 14. V. FRETWELL.

SULPHURIC ACID MANUFACTURE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In noticing Mr. Beattie's letter which appears in your issue of to-day, I am sorry that I have to contradict him and to state that I had every right to take credit for having fairly started and brought into complete working order the works he alludes to.

A few days before the dissolution of our partnership, I turned out the first batch of acid, samples of which I sent to Messrs. Kemp & Co. and Messrs. Thomson and Co., who declared themselves satisfied with the quality of the acid.

It appears to me that the proprietors of the two acid works in Bombay have taken fright at my letter, thinking I intend to start a third acid manufacture; they may ease their minds. My letter was only intended as a stimulus for the further development of the existing acid works into *pucca* chemical works and thus to realise the object with which I started them.—I am, &c.

EUGENE C. SCHROTTKY.

II.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Mr. Beattie has done good service to the public by challenging Mr. Schrottky's pretensions to have brought "into complete working order" the acid works at Chimboor. It is brain piracy, or the appropriation of other men's labour and brains, for Mr. Schrottky to take credit for doing the very thing he failed to do.

I gather from Mr. Beattie's letter—1st. That if the Chimboor acid works had gone on as they were going on under Mr. Schrottky's management, they would have failed to a moral certainty; 2nd. That Mr. Schrottky never produced a commercial acid at Chimboor.

If this is the truth, then the impudence of Mr. Schrottky's pretentious claim above noted is surpassingly audacious. An Englishman finding himself placed in similar circumstances would rush into the nearest donkey stable after first divesting himself of the lion's skin in which he was found disporting himself before the public.

INDUSTRY.

III.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Why should Mr. Schrottky be permitted to go on publicly trying to entrap the unwary into embarking their capital in manufactures about which he knows nothing? He says sulphuric acid is the basis of all sorts of industries, and so it may be, but Mr. Schrottky cannot show anybody how to manufacture sulphuric acid economically. I have reason to believe that he never made a pound of paying acid in his life, and Mr. Beattie distinctly says he never made it at Chimboor.

Now, when a man draws away other people's money and embarks it in a concern that he knows nothing about, he is guilty of no mean offence. He crushes the spirit of enterprise and prevents the development of those industries which are essential to a people's prosperity. Is it not the duty of the press to inquire into such pretensions as those which have been put forth by Mr. Schrottky in the *Times of India*? There is no lack of testimony, and it is high time this delusive game of gammoning the public with soap and lucifer matches was played out. I look to your columns for an expression of opinion.

AN ENGLISHMAN.

IV.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Mr. Schrottky has written a book on agriculture, and a few fools he says have congratulated him as an author. He has written about the cultivation of Carolina rice; aye, and he has cultivated Carolina rice. It was natural that the man who had stood up in the Framjee Cowasjee Hall to lecture the natives on agriculture should proceed to show them how to grow rice, and rice he proceeded to grow on those night-soil principles which are so peculiarly his own.

Mr. Schrottky prepared the land as it is prepared in Carolina, and manured it as it would have been manured in Giessen. The rice was duly put down and duly came up, and I was invited by a humorous friend to view the crop.

I went, I saw, I laughed, and the laughing fit has not yet subsided. That Carolina rice-crop was an agricultural marvel. There it stood adjoining several ordinary rice-fields, a stunted wretched specimen, half the size of the Indian rice; an ignominious failure. I looked round for the pocket edition of Justus von Liebeg, but could find neither his figure nor his shade's and left the place in an ecstasy of admiration of the great agricultural missionary, a friend who accompanied me remarking "that field should be photographed."

Can any of your readers account for the absence of this experiment of rice cultivation from Mr. Schrottky's standard humbug work?

In replying to Mr. Fretwell Mr. Schrottky confesses to "the cultivation of some garden products at Chinchpoogly." But I insist that he cultivated rice, Carolina rice, and somebody should ask him whether the elements had combined to bring about the most miserable agricultural failure the Indian ryot has ever witnessed? Or whether the crop was deficient in brains?

If Mr. Schrottky's advice in agriculture is ever followed, or if his experiments are ever carried out anywhere in India, who will win? who will laugh? and who will pay

THE PIPER.

MR. NAIRNE ON DR. DA CUNHA'S ALLEGED PLAGIARISM.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Apparently the success of Dr. Da Cunha's "anti-vituperative mixture" has tempted Mr. Nairne to compound a pill for the friends of Fr. Hauser. The ingredients are sugar and logic, in the proportion of 1 to 6. First we have the sugar, *i. e.*, the apology, really ample considering the slight error Mr. Nairne made. I must also own that to be called the "ornament of the tonsured brigands" was as much as any *reasonable* person would wish, and now that the generous Doctor has added "perjured brigand" &c., I hope we shall hear no more about an insufficient acknowledgment. The second ingredient is the "logic." To swallow this without experiencing a disagreeable taste it is necessary to grasp the nasal organ firmly by the fingers, close the eyes, and swallow at once; for as we shall see Mr. Nairne's proofs will not bear examination.

The first argument advanced is as follows:—

(a). Fr. Hauser quotes from the historian De. Barros.

(b). Dr. Da Cunha also quotes repeatedly (*more suo*) from the same author.

Ergo. "There is nothing very surprising in the two gentlemen having translated the same passages." But, Mr. Nairne, that is not the question. You *must* account for the fact that the two translations copy the same mistakes, have the same idioms, and are both expressed in very indifferent English.

Argument No 2:—

(a). Fr. Hauser quotes a certain miraculous story.

(b). Dr. Da Cunha quotes the same story.

Ergo. "It is probable that the Father and the Doctor simply drew from the same source" otherwise if the Doctor showed a wonderful want of craft." But the story in question is drawn from the German Müllbauer, and, I believe, I am correct in stating that the learned Doctor does not read German. Therefore, Mr. Nairne, is it not most improbable that the Father and the Doctor drew from the same source?

The second conclusion seems natural and probable.

Argument No. 3:—

(a). "The third passage is a very short historical statement which is *probably* to be found in every history of this coast, though Father Hauser no more than Dr. Da Cunha says where he got it from."

Ergo. Mr. Nairne, granting the probability on which your argument depends, do you not see, it proves nothing for you, much less for Fr. Hauser?

If Dr. Da Cunha, always so scrupulous in quoting his authority, in this instance failed to do so, was it not because Fr. Hauser had accidentally omitted to furnish him with one?

Argument 5, is a parallel to No. 1.

Argument 6.—"A very amusing instance, however, of the Father's idea of plagiarism is given after the extracts in "A. A. W.'s" letter. Dr. Da Cunha quotes frequently from a book called the Oriento Conquistado" and "J. A. W." says:—"On which work Father Hauser felt strongly that, though often quoted by the Doctor, the Father's copy of the work was the only copy in Bombay." Exactly so; and I should have felt strongly had a gentleman borrowed a book, obtained considerable assistance from it, and in return, paid me a most doubtful compliment. But what has that to do with plagiarism? You either beg the question, Mr. Nairne, or your sense of the ridiculous has led you to indulge in a practical joke.

Mr. Nairne's final remark is directed against the Church to which his friend the Doctor belongs. I quite agree with him. The rejection of an authority "*is not* sufficient reason for other people ignoring facts attested to by competent authorities." But a competent authority is a person who *can* speak the truth, and who *will* speak the truth. And when Mr. Nairne has found such a person, I shall be glad to hear from him,—I am, &c.

C. L.

THE QUEEN ANT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Have you ever seen a "Queen Ant?" I never did till this morning. I had heard a great deal about them and their marvellous appearance, but never seriously believed there were such things. In digging in the garden this morning I came upon one, and anything more disgusting in appearance it is impossible to conceive. It outdid all I had been told of its hideousness. From the head to the waist the original black ant retained its shape, but from the waist commenced its new body. In appearance and shape it was like an immensely fat caterpillar, about the length and thickness of a man's thumb, pulsating and quivering all over, and of a livid white colour. Now, why is this insect called the "Queen Ant?" Is it certainly a female; and how does this marvellous body come about; was it originally a common black ant as its head, shoulders, fore legs and waist indicate, or is it a species separate and apart? If you know anything of its nature, please enlighten me, or invite your physiological readers to explain.

Poona, Oct. 12. A.

BOMBAY.

MUNICIPAL WORKSHOPS.—The office of Superintendent of these works was taken charge of by Mr. W. C. Rowe on Saturday.

HIGH COURT CHAMBERS.—The Hon. Mr. Justice Melvill will sit in chambers, High Court, on the 20th inst, to dispose of emergent business only.

EVADING THE TODDY LIQUOR LICENCE.—On Saturday, at the Girgaum Police Court, seven distillers of spirituous liquors from toddy were fined Rs. 12 each by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee for distilling liquor from toddy without a licence from the Collector of Bombay.

MATRICULATION EXAMINATION.—At a meeting of the Senate of the Bombay University held at the University Hall on the 6th inst., it was resolved to recommend that the *viva voce* examination in other languages than English at the Matriculation Examination be discontinued.

POLICE COURT ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE DEWALLEE HOLIDAYS.—During the Dewallee holidays, which lasts up to Wednesday next, both the Girgaum and Fort Police Courts will be open at 7 o'clock this morning, and also at the same hour on Wednesday morning, but both the Courts will be totally closed on Tuesday.

A PICK-POCKET.—A noted character, named Luxumon Gunnoo, was on Saturday sentenced to two months' hard labour in the Common Jail by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee, for attempting to steal from the pocket of Manockjee Cursetjee, a commissariate contractor, a handkerchief containing a pair of spectacles, a Chubb's key and a four anna piece, of the collective value of Rs. 25, while at a shop on the Falkland Road.

A CHARITABLE DONATION.—On the occasion of the marriage of his daughter and the investiture of other children on the 9th inst. with the "Kustee" (sacred thread,) Mr. Dinshaw Manockjee Petit made a donation of a Government promissory 4 per cent note for Rs. 2,500 to the funds of the Parsee Panchayet. The interest accruing on the amount is to be added to the fund for the education of Parsee children in the knowledge of the Zoroastrian religion.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.—The following cases were on Saturday prosecuted at the instance of the agents of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals:—A buggy-driver, Rama Narayan, working his horse on the Parell road, the animal having a diseased fetlock, fined Rs. 4.—A cart-driver, Ebram Peroo, working his bullock on the Parell road, the animal being lame of the left fore leg, fined Rs. 2.—Watering cart-driver, Rowjee Suckaram, working his bullock in Love Lane, the animal being in such an emaciated state as to be scarcely able to walk, fined Rs. 3.—The owner of an oil-press, Ebram Khan, working his bullock in pressing oil, the animal being in a poor condition and its neck covered with ulcerated sores, fined Rs. 4.—Sutto Luximon, driver of a stone-roller, working one of his bullocks in Doongree Coolie Street, the animal being in a poor condition and violently purged and also belabouring the unfortunate animal with an iron rod or pin, fined Rs. 3. Ramjee Bagoo, a cart driver, was charged with working a bullock while lame from a stone-bruise, and was fined Rs. 5.

THE MAHOMEDAN PILGRIMS.—On Saturday, at the Fort Police Court, the Mahomedan pilgrims again appeared before Mr. Nana Morojee as the terms of adjustment ordered by the Court were not fulfilled by the defendan, Anjee Woodeer bin Kazi Hajmoodeen. The defendant was also present in Court with his attorney, Mr. Turner. On the matter being brought before His Worship, Mr. Turner said that his client could not succeed in fulfilling the terms he had entered into on the day previous with the pilgrims, as it was necessary further time should be allowed, on the ground that he had no intention of cheating them, which he was prepared to prove and desired that the case should be proceeded with. The pilgrims, on the other hand, applied to the Magistrate for permission to be allowed to engage counsel to prosecute the case. Consequently His Worship, in complying with their request, postponed the hearing to this morning at 8 o'clock, as the Court will be opened at an early hour owing to the Dewallee holidays.

DONATIONS TO THE BOMBAY UNIVERSITY.—A meeting of the Senate of the Bombay University was held on Friday, the 6th inst, when it was unanimously resolved to accept the undermentioned donations with thanks:—A sum of Rs. 4,500 from the committee appointed to raise funds for commemorating the name of the late Mr. Venayekrao Jagonnathjee Sunkersett. From the interest accruing on the amount a prize of books of the value of Rs. 180 will be given annually in the name of the deceased to the student who obtains the highest marks in Sanscrit at the first examination in Arts in connection with the University.—A sum of Rs. 6,000 from the Oriental Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, to commemorate the name of the late Mr. Merwanjee Framjee Panday, out of the interest accruing on which sum a scholarship of Rs. 20 will be given to the student who obtains the highest marks in mechanical engineering at the examination for the L. C. E. degree.—A sum of Rs. 6,000 from the widow of the late Mr. Kahandas Muncharam, Executive Engineer Presidency, to commemorate the name of the deceased by establishing in his name a scholarship of Rs. 20 to be given to any Gujaratee-Hindu student who obtains the highest marks in the Matriculation Examination and agrees to study in the Engineering College during the tenure of the scholarship.

MR. FRAMJEE NUSSERWANJEE.—We are very sorry to hear that Mr. Framjee Nusserwanjee, the Hoozoor Deputy Collector, who was so recently murderously assaulted by the ramoosees, is still considered, by his medical attendant, in danger. Mr. Havelock, the Revenue

THE RECENT ROBBERY AT CALICUT. FUTHER ARRESTS AND DISCOVERIES.

(From the Correspondent of the Madras Times.)

CALICUT, OCT. 10.

In pursuance of a warrant issued by the Sub-Magistrate, the house of Chookrevaly Chetty, a money changer, was searched on Wednesday morning last, and jewels worth Rs. 250 discovered. A shroff, by the name of Chonacharam, has been arrested and his deposition taken down. He has inculpated two other shroffs. A namesake of Caroopen, and, like him, a goldsmith has been arrested, and a small box of the size of a writing desk has been impounded. There are twenty money changers in Calicut, of whom four have been examined. The other shroffs are to be in attendance at the Police station by order of the Sub-Magistrate, to give what information they can about the receipt of the stolen property on the part of the other shroffs. Many Guzeratte merchants have been subjected to an examination also, but, as no information was obtained from them relative either to the box of precious stones or the coins and jewels stolen from Choi, they have been set free.

Chonacharam Chetty has inculpated a Guzerattee merchant, to whom he says he sold £500 sterling for Rs. 100 less than their intrinsic worth. Another Shroff admitted that the ornaments before the Court were pawned by one of the prisoners. The ornaments consisted of armlets, anklets, waist-bands and necklets. The prisoner corroborated the deposition of the shroff and added that the ringlets, earrings, and the diamonds and other precious stones were originally secured in a deal box, but he was not sure whether the contents of that box had been shared between the robbers, nor does he know what has become of the box. He is sure that the box contained diamonds, rubees, pearls amethysts, and topazes. The contents were tested by a goldsmith, who intended purchasing them for 17 lakhs. He thinks that all the goldsmiths clubbed together for the purpose of obtaining possession of them.

A Mopla lapidary appeared in Court, by the order of the Sub-Magistrate, to test the value of the stones at present produced before the Court. From his statement it would appear that the pieces of mineral he examined were not worth more than Rs. 100; from which it may be inferred that the real stones have been stolen since the prisoner was in jail, and the comparatively worthless minerals substituted in their stead. From Sawmy Chetty, another shroff 1,000 fanams of gold, and silver ornaments, two rings, a pair of earrings, and a few pies bearing date 1872; the whole valued at Rs. 2,000, and alleged by complainant to be his, were found in a tin box, the property of the Chetty. The accused maintained that the property was his, that complainant admitted that the last occasion his *cadjana* or treasury was opened prior to the robbery, was in the Malayalum year 1024, corresponding with the English year 1848, yet the rupees and pies bore date 1870 and 1872 respectively. He states, that the gold ornaments were manufactured by himself, that they bore indications of their having been used a couple of years ago. As for the earrings, they were worn a few months past.

Choi, the complainant, appeared in Court in the evening and estimated his loss at upwards of 20 lakhs of rupees. He was clad as an ordinary Thier, that is to say, with a piece of cloth round his loins and a red handkerchief tied over his head. No one who saw him that evening would have believed that he is worth at least 28 millions of rupees, that he pays a revenue tax of 20,000 rupees per annum, and that he pays over to Government another revenue tax as heavy for lands at Bombay and Tellicherry; no one who saw the old man —he is 56 years of age—walk into Court would have thought that he had more gold in the five cellars of his house than was to be found in all the *Kovilogums* at Tiroovanoor put together. Yet so it is

PICKINGS FROM "PUNCH".—SEPT. 23.

SHAKSPERIAN SAYING.

"THE man that hath no music in his soul," is a wretch who would not hesitatate to buy a creaking boot.

TESTAMENTARY OBLIGATIONS.

'Cute Little Girl (who has heard conversations between her parents of the like import). "Uncle, have you made your will P'

Uncle (startled). "Eh!"

'Cute Little Girl. "'Cause I hope you haven't forgotten my dolls!'

BEWARE OF FALSE TEETH WITH GUTTA-PERCHA FIXING.

Master Alec (who is fond of dogs). "There's no mistake about *your* being thorough-bred, Major Bumblebie!"

Major Bumblebie (not displeased). "And how did you find *that* out, my boy!"

Master Alec. "Why, 'cause you've got a black roof to your mouth!!"

"MIXED COMPANY."

Scene—The ball-room of a fashionable sea-side hotel. Lady Godiva Highjinks (to her partner, during a pause in the valse). "A—I can't help thinking I've met you before!"

The Partner. "Yes, my lady, many's the pair of white satin shoes I 've 'ad the pleasure of fittin' on your ladyship at our 'ouse in the Burlington Arcade! And"—(sinking his voice to a fascinating whisper)—"I *must* say that a more hexquisite foot than *yours*, my lady, I never yet 'eld in my 'and!"

THE WANTS OF THE NATION.

Wanted, a skipper, who, voy aging faster
Than any one else, ne'er brings ship to disaster.
Wanted, Cheap Railways, which speed and precision
To the utmost combine without e'er a collision.
Wanted, a Surgeon, who rieks operations
Which is fatal results never attain terminations.
Wanted, Investment, with view to futurity,
Highest interest yielding on safest security.
Wanted, Directors, who capital use
In the boldest of ventures—to win and not lose.
Wanted, an Army and Fleet, by this Nation,
That yearly increase with decreasing taxation.
Wanted, instead of ignoble abstention
From Europe's disputes, and meek non-intervention.
In foreign affair:—which we now to be folly see,
On the part our Rulers, a "Spirited Policy."
Wanted, a Statesman, who'll play a high game
Abroad, and still keep us at peace all the same.
Wanted, Doers to dare bold exploits of utility
On mischance whilst we sternly enforce hostility.
What else wanted? In brief, our requirements to tell,
Wanted, pudding to eat, and yet have it as well.

TONGUES FOR TOURISTS.

The long vacation is drawing to a close, and parents and guardians may like to know how Reading Tours have aided in advancing the education of their respective scions. Should any doting fathers be interested in the absorption of foreign languages into their sons' systems, the following Mems from the Diary of a University Man, who has just returned from a tour abroad, whither he had gone expressly to perfect himself in European tongues, may be productive of some reflection.

July.

Left Dover for our Tour. Met American Colonel X. Y. Zachary at Calais. Glorious brick. Knew French, and talked for us all. Gave us quite a twang, and left us devoted to Yankees.

Put up at Grand Hotel. English waiter. Saved us lots of trouble. Went to English Tavern. Excellent Beefsteak for dinner. Cheese direct from Cheshire. Went to open-air music hall in the Shongs Elize, what they call a coffee concert. Two English clowns and a man who sang "Tommy, make room for your Uncle." English family on both sides of us. Dropped their H's freely. Met two college chums in the yard of the Grand when we came back.

Went out to buy German Dictionary, French Grammar, and Italian dialogues. Bought a copy of *Punch* instead—great fun.

Started for Italy. Capital guard with the train: knew English thoroughly. Queen's messenger in the carriage; splendid linguist. What's the use of trying to speak a foreign language, if you don't begin in your cradle!

Arrived in Turin. Met the Larkspur girls at the Station. Went everywhere with them. They are all awfully jolly. Quite gorgeous at slang. Must buy that Italian grammar and dialogues. Learnt the Italian for "Yes" to-day.

On to Venice. How well our Gondolier talks English. Lovely weather for cricket—or lawn tennis. Nothing so jolly here. Old bricks, and dirty punts they call Gondowlers.

August.

Start for Rome. Fancy a Roman train. What was it? All Gaul, or all the train, was divided in *tres partes*. Sang comic songs all the way. Rome! Rome! it reminds one of Virgil and Horace, and all those nuisances. By the way, we must not forget the Italian dialogues. Hotel Commissioner, such a good fellow. Has lived in the Langham for the last six years. Told us a capital American story. Left the others to ground the monuments while I played a game of billiards with Captain Crawley. By Jingo! he does play well. *He* never learnt Italian or French, but I have heard he is a Greek. Speaks English like a Briton.

Meant to have begun Italian to day; but too hot, really. Go back by Vienna and Triest. Better buy a German Dictionary. Charlie's voice downstairs, by Jove! Hurrah! Off to Vienna. Go over the Tyrol by night. Sleep all the way.

Vienna. Awfully good beer. English Parson in same hotel. Knows the Governor. Wants me to take him round, and as he hears I am studying German, will I interpret for him? See him further first.

September.

Leave Vienna, to escape Parson. The German tongue most attractive when made into sausages. Liego simply horrible. Couldn't learn it if I tried.

Arrived at Munich. Drove round the English Garden. Nothing English in it except weeds and ourselves. Saw *Richard the Third* played at the theatre. Call that Shakespeare? Well! I am particularly etcetrad. And in German too! Why don't they learn English!

Home in time for some Partridges. By the way, wonder what became of the "Coach" who went out with me? Never bought the Grammars and Dictionaries, after all. There's nothing like English if you want to be understood.

THE BLOOD PURIFIER.

NO one residing in warm climates should ever be without Old Dr. JACOB TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA, which acts like a charm in curing all Liver, Kidney, and Bilious complaints, and in strengthening the system Rosse to enable every one to withstand all attacks of Fever, Cholera and other diseases. Recommended and used by the Faculty. Also the Old Dr.'s Family Pills are the most popular medicine known for all bilious affections, liver and stomach complaints, and indigestion, as proved by thousands.—Wholesale Agents, Messrs. Bathgate and Co., for Bengal and Calcutta; Messrs. Barry and Co., Veprey, Madras. Chief Depôt, 131, Fleet Street, London.

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Bombay, 10th April 1875.

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TERMS—Rs. 5 PER DAY (NO EXTRAS.)
Special arrangements for lengthened periods.
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Bombay, January, 1874.

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FOR OCTOBER 1876.
PRICE—EIGHT ANNAS,
With a New Coloured Map.

CONTAINING, besides the other usual information, the latest alterations in the Time Tables of the B. B. & C. I. R., G. I. P., Nizam State, Sind, Punjab and Delhi, and several other lines of Railway.

The GUIDE, having a large circulation amongst Travellers, by Rail and otherwise, is a most effective medium for Advertisements.

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May be had at the Bombay Railway Terminus and of the following AGENTS:—

Bombay.....Thacker, Vining & Co.; Watson & Co.; Hormusjee Sorabjee, Bookseller; Hammond's Refreshment Rooms; Messrs. Cooper & Co.; Auckland Hotel; Byculla Hotel; and Messrs. Atmaram Sagoon & Co.
Allahabad.....Kellner & Co.
Bangalore.....Special" Office.
Bombay.....Railway Refreshment Rooms and Hotels.
Calcutta.....Wyman & Co.
Ceylon (Colombo)"Ceylon Observer" Office.
Deolalee.....Curreea Dossabhoy.
Egutpoora.....Railway Refreshment Rooms.
Kurrachee.....Sindian" Press.
London.....G. Street 30, Cornhill; Gordon and Gotch St. Bride Street, Ludgate Circus, E. C.
Madras.....Higginbotham & Co., "Madras Times," and "Madras Mail" Offices.
Matheran.....Chowk and Alexandra Hotels.
Ootacamund....."Observer" Office.
Poona.....Treacher & Co.; Phillip & Co., and Royal Family Hotel.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
2, MARINE STREET, BOMBAY.

SALE OF FRESH OILMANSTORES from the celebrated Purveyors, Crosse and Blackwell, just landed ex s. s. Hydaspes.

On SATURDAY, the 21st instant, sale commencing at 1 P. M., Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their room, an invoice of fresh oilmanstores, comprising assorted pickles and tart fruits, mushroom and walnut catsup, Harvey sauce, raspberry vinegar, essence anchovies, assorted essence, salad oil, assorted jams and marmalade, vegetables, potted meats, red herring, Yarmouth bloaters, fresh herring, Jordan almond, soup, currants, muscatel raisins, herrings a la sardines, Blackwall whitebait, asparagus, black mushroom, Oxford and Bologna sausages, Milton oysters, preserved mushrooms, crystalized fruit, candied peels, fruits in syrup, Wiltshire and Irish bacon, and malt cheddar and Berkley cheese, white wine vinegar, Durham mustard, tapioca, Worcestershire sauce, &c.

SALE OF SUPERIOR PERFUMERY, Comfits and Medicine, from the well-know makers, G. F. Coward and Co., just landed ex s. s. Malwa.

On SATURDAY, the 21st instant, at 3 P. M., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms and invoice of superior perfumery and medicines from G. F. Coward and Co., consisting of peppermint and assorted lozenges and comfits, Seidlitz powder, sodawater powder, permanent ink, Gregory's powder, calcine and carbonate of magnesia, carbonated soda, tartaric acid, cream of tartar, essence of ginger and peppermint, tincture, rhubarb and myrrh, Dalby's carminative, brandy-bitter, essence of rose, assorted perfumes, smelling salt, lavender water eau de luce, milk of rose, and oil of rose, lavender, verbina and golden oil, Circassian and gold cream, Prince of Wales' pomade, rose lip salve, camphorated and Victoria dentifrice, violet hair powder, and face powder, &c.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY IN NEW SONAPORE STREET, NEAR DHOBIETALAO.

On SATURDAY, the 21st instant, at 4 P. M., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises by order of the Heirs of the late Dhonjee Pheroshaw Soobedar, and with the consent of the mortgagee, Bai Sabhabai, widow of the late Merwanjee Nowrojee Bharoocha.

All that piece of pension allotted land, together with the messuage or dwelling-house (being one of the several compartments of the chawl known as Moos's chawl) standing thereon, situate on the south side of New Sonapore street, in the sub-district of Bhooleshwur, without the Fort of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 94 square yards or thereabouts, registered by the collector of pension land tax under No. 87, and assessed under No. 16, and bounded on the east by the compartment of Cowasjee Engineer, on the west by the compartment of Dorabjee Cama, on the north by the New Sonapore Street, and on the south by the sweepers' passage.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

USUAL AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 23rd instant, at 2 P. M., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms a quantity of gray and coloured piece goods, &c.

By order of the Administrator General, the effects of the late Mr. James Edgo, consisting of gold and silver watches, locket, compass, gold rings and earrings, chains, magnifying glass, &c.

The effects of the late Nowrojee Pallonjee Powree:—
1 pair silver anklets.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY IN BENGALPOORA.

Under instructions from the Mortgagee, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th instant, sell by Public Auction at 4 P. M., on the premises, in pursuance of the power given in the Indenture of Mortgage, bearing date the 29th day of June 1865, and executed by Aeasia Poonjey.

All that piece of ground admeasuring 227 square yards or thereabouts, together with the messuage or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate on the east side of Bengalpoora or Oom-rearry Road without the Fort of Bombay, and bounded on the north by the house of Chutoorbhooj Asaria, on the south by the house of Emam Bapoo Musolmany, on the east by the sweepers' passage, and on the south by the said Bengalpoora or Oomercarry Road, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Nos. 94 and 95 and is assessed under No. 87.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 16th, October, 1876.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 4, FORBES STREET.

AUCTION SALE of LOST LUGGAGE, at G. I. P. Railway Station, Boree Bunder.

On WEDNESDAY, the 18th October, at 1 P.M., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place, a quantity of lost luggage, etc.

AUCTION SALE of valuable and handsome household furniture, plated, glass and porcelainwares, a first-class rosewood grand square piano by Collard and Collard, plants, etc., at No. 1, Clare Road, Byculla.

On TUESDAY, next the 24th instant, at 1 P.M., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at his residence, at the abovementioned place, the valuable and handsome household furniture, piano, etc., the property of E. C. SCHROTZKY, Esq. Full particulars will be given hereafter.

AUCTION SALE of valuable and handsome household furniture, best plated, rich crockery and glasswares, a handsome-English-built light Dog Cart, Plants, &c., at No. 139, Malabar Hill.

On THURSDAY, next the 26th instant, at 1 P.M. Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at his residence at the abovementioned place the valuable and handsome household furniture, dog cart, &c., the property of E. M. Fogo, Esquire, changing residence.

Full particulars will be given hereafter.

BONA FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE of valuable and handsome English walnut wood and carved blackwood household furniture, best plated rich crockery and glasware, a valuable collection of choice and rare plants, etc., at No. 31, Parell (Sooparee Bagh Road).

On SATURDAY, the 4th November, at 1 P. M., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place the valuable and handsome English walnutwood and carved blackwood household furniture, plants, etc., the property of T. B. Bashford, Esq.

Also on the same occasion the property of a Gentleman:—
A English-built miniature brougham.
A light mail phaeton or corrtible into a waggonette.
A pair of Cape galloways.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view 4 days before the day of sale.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable and Handsome Household Furniture, best Plated, Glass and porcelainwares, a handsome English built Brougham, a powerful Australian Horse, a valuable collection of choice and rare plants, &c., at No. 112 Malabar Hill.

On WEDNESDAY, the 8th and THURSDAY, the 9th November, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place the valuable and handsome household furniture, brougham, horse, plants, &c., the property of Surgeon H. W. Graham.

Full particulars will be given hereafter.

N.B.—The plants will be sold on Tuesday the 7th and Wednesday the 8th, at 6 A. M.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 16th October 1876.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

AUCTION SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT DOONGRY OR AT NOWPOJEE HILL, 2ND ROW.

On THURSDAY, the 19th day of October 1876, at 4 P.M., Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of Morrtgagees, Mr. Balajee Keoba and Mr. Koondlic Abajee with the consent of the Official Assignee, and on account and risk of Mortgagor Hoolie, the widow of Mahadoo Hurry Bhoyee (now insolvent), the following landed property, viz:—

All that piece or parcel of Fuzandaree land or ground (of which Mr. Nowrojee Maneckjee is Fuzandar) together with the messuage, tenement, of dwelling-house standing thereon, situate at Doongree, in the sub-district of Mandvi, bearing Fuzanda-ree No. 167, and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 39, measuring 45 feet in length and 35 feet in breadth or thereabouts, bounded on the east by public road and house of Narrayen Gomajee, on the west by the vacant ground of Nowrojee Maneckjee, on the south by the house of Pesoo Mistry, and on the north by the house of Jeevajee Luximon.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply at the office of the Official Assignee, High Court, or to the undersigned.

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MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, 16th October 1876.

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HON. SIR JOHN STRACHEY, K.C.S.I., Lieut.-Governor of the North-West Provinces.
MAJOR-GENERAL SIR DIGHTON MACNAGHTEN PROBYN, C.B., K.C.S.I., Equerry to H. R. H. The Prince of Wales.
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And many Ladies of the highest distinction.

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Made simply with boiling water or milk.

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Overcoat Suits	25	Travelling Seal-skin		Money Belts ..... 2-8 to 4	8	vered Wicker, from ..	11 4
Warm Suits .....30 to 40	0	Caps .....6-8 to 8	8	Sovereign Boxes .....3 to 5	8	Pocket Filters	2 12
Overcoats and Inverness		Travelling Hats....3-8 to 4	8	Tiffin Baskets fitted.16 to 22	8	Air Tight Uniform cases.	23 0
Capes, from .....36 to 65	0	Cardigan Jackets, very		Air Pillows	5	Spong Bags	1 8
Dressing Gowns .... 9 to 20	0	warm .....9-8 to 12	8	Travelling do.....	2	Sponges	3 8
Pyjamas	3 0	Sheets, per pair.....	9	Pillow Cases, each ..1-4 to	2	Soap Boxes.....	1 8
Oxford Shirts, Collar attached	5 8	Pillow Cases, each ..1-4 to	2	Blankets.....each 10		Fo-ding Camp Beadsteads	32 8
White do.	4 8	Long Rugs or Scotch		Rugs or Scotch		Smelling Salts, per bottle	2 8
French Cambric do., Collar attached	4 8	Manda ..... 10 to 19		Cotton do	15 0	Aromatic Vinegar per bot	2 0
English Cambric do	4 0	*Rezais* or Quilts	5 8	Rug Straps..... 1-8 to	2 8	To th Brush Garde.....	0 10
Best Shrunk Flannel do..	8 0	Ladies' Long Wool		Waterproof Coats	10 0	Do. Brushes.....	0 10
Silk and Wool do	8 8	Shawls .....From	22	60-Inch Drab Twil Waterproof Shooting or Overland		Nail Do	0 12
Spun Silk do	11 0	Portmanteaus or Overland		Trunks .....12-8 to	23 0	Hair Brushes and Combs	
Gents' Under Vests .8-8 to	6 8	Trunks .....12-8 to	23 0	42-Inch White Waterproof	4 8	in P gskins case..8-8 to	12 1
Bathing Drawers	2 0	Solid Leather do	49 0	Linen Faced Collars doz..	0 12	Razors, Ivory Handles ..	3 8
Gents' Under Pants ..4 to	8 0	Extra Large do	75 0	Linen Faced Cuffs per doz.	1 8	Do. Strops.....3-8 to	5 1
Silk Suspenders	2 8	Black Hide Bags	11 8	Linen Cuffs per doz.....	13 8	Nail Scissers..1-8 to	1 12
Gents' Cotton Socks, doz..	8 8	Extra large do	24 0	Linen Co lars .....doz.	6 0	Briar Root Pipes.....	1 12
Warm do	15 8	Gladstone Bags.....	35 0	Cambric Handkerchiefs ..	2 8	Tobac o Pouches	1 0
Ladies' Under Vests 4-8 to	6 8	Ladies' Hand Bag	7	Warm Gloves.....	1 8	Campaigne Taps	8 8
Ladies' White Cotton Hose doz	13 8	Travelling Writing Cases fitted	11 4	Mits	1 8	Pockets Knives	2 8
Ladies' Heather Merino Hose doz.....	9	Gents' Bags, fitted complete	72 0	Mustache Cups.....	2 12	Marine Soap, 3 cakes for.	0 12
Children's White Cotton Socks, from doz..6-8 to	12 8	Ladies' Carriage Bags, fitted complete	58 8	Pins, Scarf.....	1 0	Shaving do Stick.....	1 0
Heather Merino do. 6-8 to	12 8	Gents' Dressing Cases..	11 8	Sailors' Knot.....1-8 to	3 0	Sailors' Knot.....	3 0
Ladies' Sun and Travelling		Soiled Linen Bags, all sizes 5 to 6.....	6 0	Windsors for Bows or Ring .....1-8 to	4 0	Lloyd's Euxesis	1 4
Hats, from .....6 to 15	0	Cash Bags	6 12	Fragrant Floriline.....	1 8	Oriental Tooth Paste.....	0 12
				Overland Chairs best	2 12	Gents' Canvas Shoes....	2 12
				Beach do	2 11	Genuine Slippers.....	12 8
				Luggage Labels per doz.	0 8	Ladies' Shoes.....	2 0
				Dumb Bells, from	5 0	China Bath Slippers	2 0

Suits can be made, to order in six hours.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF TRICHINOPOLY JEWELLERY.

BADHAM & CO.

HAMILTON AND COMPANY,
JEWELLERS AND SILVERSMITHS.

LOCKETS.—*Plain Gold, Nos.* 1 *to* 12, *Rs.* 17 *to* 95. *Engraved, Rs.* 20 *to* 105. *Set with Gems, Rs.* 28 *to* 500. *The Guinea Locket, reverse set with Stone for Seal, Rs.* 55. *Half Guinea size, Rs.* 38. *Quarter size, Rs.* 26.

SMELLING BOTTLES.—*The "Union" Scent Bottle, for perfume at one end and Aromatic Vinegar or Salts at the other, variety of colours, from Rs.* 10 *to* 50 *each. The Silver "Keg," Rs.* 55. *The "Champagne" Scent Bottle, Rs.